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Volume XXXIII. Number 22.

LOUISA, LAWRENCE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 25, 1918.

M. F. CONLEY, Publisher.

STATEWIDE BILL PASSED AT FRANKFORT

PEOPLE WILL GET A CHANCE TO VOTE ON PROHIBITION IN KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, Ky. January 22.—The state-wide prohibition bill of Senator W. A. Frost, of Wingo, a Democrat, passed the Senate to-day by the overwhelming vote of 28 to 6. The measure amends Section 61 of the constitution so as to prohibit the manufacture, sale and transportation of intoxicating liquors in Kentucky after June 30, 1920.

The Senators voting against the bill were: Burton, Combs, Helm, Huffaker, Perry, Simmons.

A "bone dry" amendment was introduced and a hard fight was made for it by the liquor men. It prohibited the manufacture of sacramental wine, or liquor for medicinal uses. The vote, however, was an extreme measure as "bone dry" would be defeated at the polls and this explains their support.

The House also. On Wednesday the House passed practically the same bill as the Senate with only six votes against it. The Legislature has done good work helping along both state-wide and national prohibition.

MORE SHEEP—MORE WOOL.

Realizing the great shortage of sheep not only in Kentucky, but America, and further acknowledging the imperative need and craving demand for a greatly increased supply of meat, wool and hides, especially during the existing conditions which now cover the entire world, a call is hereby made to the farmers and others interested in the sheep industry in this State to meet at the Phoenix Hotel, Lexington, Kentucky, Tuesday, January 29, 1918, at one-thirty o'clock for the purpose of defining the necessary action toward the increased production of sheep and wool in this State and to formulate plans to further protect and stimulate this great industry.

This Means You. Come if you are interested. Everybody invited. DR. RICHARD STEVENSON, President, Kentucky Sheep Breeders Association, Lexington, Ky. MAT S. COHEN, Commissioner of Agriculture.

M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

"Way, Am I A Methodist" is the subject for the morning hour.

A "Critical Situation" is the subject at night.

Services at 10:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 9:00 a. m. Epworth League 5:30 p. m. Sunday Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 6:30. The subject will be the third Beatitude: "Blessed are the meek; for they shall inherit the earth."

The choir has been reorganized and good music is promised for Sunday.

The subject for the morning hour is one of a series which is being preached on the fundamental doctrines of Methodism. This series will continue for seven or eight weeks and will include such subjects as "Universal Redemption," "Repentance," "Justification by Faith," etc. The general public is invited and every Methodist is urged to come.

Bright, heartening services each hour. HERBERT O. CHAMBERS, Pastor.

THE HEATLESS DAYS.

G. R. Vinson has been appointed Fuel Administrator for Lawrence county and he was kept busy answering questions for a few days after the heatless days and holiday orders were promulgated by the government.

The stores and offices in Louisa were closed, except the grocery stores which remained open until noon. This will be the program for nine more Mondays. The sale of foods and medicines will probably be permitted all day. Banks are to remain open.

URGES ALIEN SERVICE.

Ashland, Ky., January 17.—The registration of all aliens in the United States and their compulsory service in either the armies of this country or the countries to which they claim allegiance, was urged by the Kentucky Federation of Labor, which was in session here this week next September in Lexington, H. A. Allington of Newport, was elected President and P. J. Campbell of Louisville, Secretary and Treasurer.

The representative of the international revenue office will be in Louisa next Monday to remain the entire week for the purpose of assisting the people in making their income tax reports. All these reports must be filed before March 1.

Mrs. H. R. Alexander has as her guest her niece, Miss Frances Lasley, of Seattle, Wash. Miss Lasley has been in Gallipolis Ohio, several months visiting relatives.

A Sunday School Efficiency Conference was held Tuesday and Wednesday at Grayson W. J. Vaughan, State field worker was in charge.

Mr. Chester Pickrel of this city has accepted a position as private secretary to W. H. May, chief attorney for the Consolidated Coal Co., Jenkins, Ky. Mr. Pickrel is one of Lawrence county's most promising young men and has many friends here who wish him unbounded success.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church met Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. J. A. Abbott.

United States District Attorney Thos. D. Slattery received authority from the Attorney-General to impanel in the Federal Court at Covington a special grand jury to investigate alleged violations of the coal, espionage and draft acts in the Eastern District of Kentucky.

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COUNTY AGENT NOW HERE.

County Agent G. C. Baker moved his family to Louisa Saturday and is now on the job to serve Lawrence county all the year. The severe illness of his child delayed his arrival about two weeks. He has rented an office room on the second floor of the Louisa National Bank building, where he will be glad to have the farmers call and see him when in town. He may be found there most of the time until the weather improves. Later in the season Saturday will be his regular office day, as his duties will keep him in the country the other days.

C. & O. TRAINS CHANGE TIME.

With very short notice the C. & O. put out a new time table, effective last Sunday. The train from Ashland to Pileville every evening leaves at 3:15, instead of 4 o'clock. The connecting trains from Cincinnati and Louisville are moved up an hour earlier in that schedule, so that the connection is maintained.

TREASURY PLANS TO MELT 150,000,000 SILVER COINS

Bullion To Go To Allies And \$1 And \$2 Certificates Withdrawn.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Congress will be asked soon to authorize the melting of 150,000,000 silver dollars now stored in the Treasury to supply silver bullion for export to America's allies and to pay trade balances. Simultaneously, one and two dollar certificates now issued on the basis of the coins in storage, will be withdrawn from circulation and Federal Reserve Bank notes of the same denominations issued in their place, according to a plan agreed on tentatively to-day by Treasury officials. The silver dollars would be melted only as needed, and eventually would be repminted from silver to be bought by the Government during the next year.

Legislation now drafted would authorize these measures, and in addition would empower the Treasury through Director of the Mint Baker, to buy all the silver produced in the United States at a price to be determined by agreement with producers. This price probably will be about \$1 an ounce, five cents above the current market price, and is expected to stimulate silver production to 100,000,000 ounces during the next year. About 74,000,000 ounces was produced in the United States in 1917.

Some Treasury officials believe that if the Federal Reserve act is amended to permit reserve banks to issue their notes in \$1 and \$2 denominations, instead of \$5, the smallest under the present law, the demand for \$1 and \$2 bills will naturally encourage the issuance of the reserve bank notes as silver certificates are withdrawn to provide for the diminution of silver reserve.

About 490,000,000 dollars have been coined and \$468,000,000 silver certificates are outstanding. At present only about \$12,500,000 Federal reserve bank notes are outstanding. These are quite distinct from Federal reserve notes, of which there are \$1,369,000,000. The war has caused an unprecedented demand in nearly all countries for silver for monetary purposes, and to pay trade balances according to the readjusted channels of commerce. Negotiations have been conducted between the American and British Governments looking to the acquisition of the American output, probably even of the world's production, and its distribution among the Allies.

DR. W. A. GANFIELD, President Center College, Danville, Ky.

We requested the above cut to be sent us in time for last week's issue, but it arrived too late. He was one of the prominent speakers at the Mountain Life Conference.

INCOME TAX OFFICERS TO BE AT LOUISA NEXT WEEK

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President Spanks a Senator.

Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate military committee, is taking his meals off of a high shelf since President Wilson applied a much needed remedy where it would do the most good. The Senator now tries to excuse his blunder by saying he "spoke extemporaneously," which is equivalent to no excuse at all. He shouldn't permit his mouth to go off in public and expose his ignorance and incapacity to comprehend the big things. He made a speech in New York criticizing the administration of war affairs. When the President read what he had said he called him on the telephone and inquired if he had been correctly reported in the papers. Chamberlain admitted the correctness of the newspaper reports and the President gave out a statement from which the following is taken: "Senator Chamberlain's statement as to the present inaction and ineffectiveness of the government is an astonishing and absolutely unjustifiable distortion of the truth. As a matter of fact, the war department has performed a task of unparalleled magnitude and difficulty with extraordinary promptness and efficiency."

"There have been delays and disappointments and partial miscarriages of plan, all of which have been drawn into the foreground and exaggerated by the investigations which have been in progress since the Congress assembled—investigations which drew in disposable officials of the department constantly away from their work and officers from their commands and contributed a great deal to such delay and confusion as had inevitably arisen. But by comparison, with what has been accomplished, these things much as they were to be regretted were insignificant and no mistake has been made which has been repeated."

"Nothing helpful or likely to speed or facilitate the war tasks of the government has come out of such criticism and investigation. I understand that reorganization by legislation is to be proposed—I have not been consulted about them and not been consulted at all. I have learned of the proposal came after effective measures of reorganization and been thoughtfully and maturely perfected, and inasmuch as these measures have been the result of experience they are much more likely than any other to be effective, if the congress will but remove the few statutory obstacles of rigid departmental organization which stands in their way."

"The legislative proposals I have heard of would involve long additional delays and turn of a experience into mere loss of motion. My association and conference with the secretary of war have taught me to regard him as one of the ablest public officials I have ever known. The country will soon learn whether he or his critics understand the business in hand."

"To add, as Senator Chamberlain did, that there is inefficiency in every department and bureau of the government, is to show such ignorance of actual conditions as to make it impossible to attach any importance to his statement. I am bound to infer that that statement sprang out of opposition to the Administration's whole policy rather than out of any serious intention to reform its practice."

SERGEANT WROTEN.

Sergeant Milton J. Wroten returned Sunday to his army duties in South Carolina, after a visit to his parents. Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Wroten. He left his father somewhat improved. Milton has made the best record at his cantonment as a rifle shot and also in assembling the parts of a rifle that has been taken to pieces. He has been appointed instructor in hand grenade work.

TEST WELL FOR OIL NEAR CHAPMAN STATION

W. M. Fulkerson recently procured a lot of leases in the territory adjacent to Chapman, eight miles south of Louisa, and sold them to Walter Hennis, a large oil producer of Texas. Machinery to drill a test well has been placed on the ground and work will start as soon as possible. Joe Miller has the contract for drilling.

REAL ESTATE DEAL.

Mrs. G. R. Roberts and W. T. Cain have traded houses, and Mrs. Roberts will move about the first of March from the house on Peachmont-st., to the place on Perry-st. which she acquired in the deal, between the property of Jas. H. Woods and C. B. Crutcher.

MRS. HIRAM VANHOOSE DEAD.

The wife of Hiram Vanhooze, formerly of Charley, this county, but now of London, Ohio, was killed by an explosion of gasoline while starting a fire in the kitchen stove. The burial took place at Plain City. The family moved to Ohio ten years ago. The husband and seven children survive. More particulars next week.

YARN FOR RED CROSS

Those wanting yarn to knit sweaters, helmets or mufflers for soldiers can get it by calling at headquarters in Louisa. Yarn for socks is expected to arrive any day.

CHANGE OF BOOKKEEPERS.

Miss Esther Waller of Fort Gay, W. Va., has resigned as bookkeeper in the office of the Singer Sewing Machine company and is taking a course in stenography. Miss Hatten has accepted the place made vacant by her.

W. J. VAUGHAN PRESIDES.

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War Savings Stamps.

I have been appointed chairman of the War Savings Stamps campaign for Lawrence-co., a movement originated and directed by the United States Treasury department to give small investors a chance to help win the war. Even the children will be able to buy these Thrift Stamps at 25 cents each and thus help to provide money with which to run the war. They will get their money back with 4 per cent compound interest, making a good investment and teaching them to save. Wage earners of small means will be able to save in this way what otherwise would not be invested on a sure and profitable basis. \$4.12 worth of the stamps gets a United States certificate that will be cashed for \$5 by the government at a specified time.

This appointment is entirely without compensation, like that of the Liberty Loan chairmanship which I have handled. It was accepted as a patriotic duty. I pleaded lack of time, but was not excused. I hope everybody in Lawrence county will do the same and answer the call to buy thrift stamps. It is a fine investment, not a gift, and it will help win the war. M. F. CONLEY, Louisa, Ky.

KENTUCKY AND OHIO

Women Have Made More Than a Million Articles For Red Cross.

Cleveland, Ohio.—More than 1,000,000 articles made by Ohio and Kentucky women were shipped from the Cleveland warehouse, Lake Division, American Red Cross during the 8 months ending January 1. Carl W. Fuller, acting director of the warehouse, announced today. This is approximately one-half of the division's output in that period as the figures do not include shipments made from the three Indiana warehouses to which the Indiana chapters send their finished products; nor does it include shipments made by some chapters direct to an Eastern warehouse. The Lake Division is appealing to knitters for larger quantities of helmets.

Nitrate of Soda for Fertilizer.

The government will furnish through its county agents nitrate of soda for fertilizer at \$75.50 per ton, with freight added from Atlantic ports. Farmers desiring it must apply before February 4, depositing money to cover quantity desired. Freight to be paid when received. If enough is applied for by February 4 to make shipment, the orders will be placed, otherwise the money refunded.

This applies to all county agricultural agents in the Big Sandy valley.

J. B. RIFFE GOES TO WAYLAND.

Mr. John B. Riffe, who has been local manager for the Southern Bell Telephone company for several years, leaves soon to take charge of the telephone system at Wayland, Ky. Mr. Riffe is a reliable and efficient man and we regret to lose him from Louisa.

Mr. and Mrs. Riffe expect to move to Wayland about the first of next month.

HERE FROM PRESTONSBURG.

Judge Stanley and son, Joe Stanley, were here from Prestonsburg Saturday, the latter leaving for Harvard University where he will prepare for service in the wireless telegraphy department of the navy. He recently enlisted in the navy and has been stationed at Norfolk.

POSTMASTERS TO REGISTER GERMAN ALIEN ENEMIES

German alien enemies in the United States are required to register with postmasters in communities of less than 5,000 population. Forms of oath will be furnished and a full description of registrants taken including finger prints and photographs. The time fixed is February 4 to 9, 1918.

MISS ALICE SMITH TEACHING AT ROSE BUD

Miss Alice Smith, a former teacher in the Louisa schools and who has been spending some time in Cincinnati with her sister, Dr. Edith Smith, has accepted a position in the school at Rose Bud, near Clarksville, W. Va.

MARRIED AT COURT HOUSE.

Wm. Bamer, of Ironton, and Miss Ruby Holley, of Louisa, were married at the court house Friday by Judge Billie Riffe. It was the Judge's first marriage ceremony. The couple will make their home at Ironton. We are informed.

REV GAUGH MUCH BETTER AND WILL PREACH SUNDAY

Rev W. A. Gaugh was confined to his room with la grippe for ten days, but is now considerably improved. He will preach next Sunday morning and evening at the Baptist church at the usual hours.

ANOTHER GOES TO GOOD POSITION

Mr. Chester Pickrel of this city has accepted a position as private secretary to W. H. May, chief attorney for the Consolidated Coal Co., Jenkins, Ky. Mr. Pickrel is one of Lawrence county's most promising young men and has many friends here who wish him unbounded success.

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HUFF-GUETHING.

The following is of interest to friends of the bride who has visited in the home of her uncle, Wm. Remmele of this city:

No wedding of the winter season will create more interest and surprise than that of Miss Gypsy Huff and Lieutenant C. T. Guething, which took place last Thursday at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Huff of Huntington, W. Va., the impressive ring service being read at four-thirty by the Rev. Dr. M. L. Wood. The bride was attired in a stylish midwinter model of taupe, her hat and other accessories harmonizing. Her corsage was a beautiful design of roses and valley lilies. She is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Huff, and no young lady in Huntington is more generally loved or of greater popularity than this charming and lovely young bride. The groom is a native of Boston, but at present is stationed in Washington, D. C., where he is a first lieutenant in the Ordnance Department. After a brief honeymoon trip to eastern points, they will remain in Washington until the groom is called into active service.

ASHLAND IS HEADQUARTERS FOR MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD

Drs. G. Bell, J. A. Salmon, J. A. Sparks and A. C. Bond of Ashland have received notification from L. S. McIntyre, M. C. R., medical aide to Governor Stanley, that they have been named as members of the medical advisory board for the 23rd district which is composed of Greenup, Carter, Elliott, Lawrence and Boyd county.

Ashland has been designated the meeting place of the board.

This Board is to assist the local draft boards in the next conscription of men for the citizen's army.

GIVEN LONG PRISON TERM.

In Carter county last week Asa Leath was given a sentence of twenty-one years in the penitentiary for the murder of Lefe Kitchen, 21, son of Riley Kitchen of Carter. Kitchen was shot in the back and almost instantly killed while returning home from church. Chas. Bonar is on trial charged with being an accomplice in the crime. In the case of Leath a verdict of guilty was rendered 40 minutes after the case went to the jury. It is said that others in the crowd when the killing occurred, some of whom may be placed on trial were Morton and Jason Leath, Ingham, Jesse and John Pennington and Sam Justice.

MAJOR BURCHETT BUYS PROPERTY IN MT. STERLING

Mt. Sterling—Major D. J. Burchett, of this county, has purchased from Dr. and Mrs. Paul K. McKenna their two-story frame residence and about six acres of ground located on Winn-st. and will get possession March 1. The price paid was about \$5,500. Major Burchett will improve the property and he and his wife will move there to reside. They

BIG SANDY NEWS

PAGE TWO

GIRLS! DRAW A MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR, DOUBLE ITS BEAUTY

TRY THIS! HAIR GETS THICK, GLOSSY, WAVY AND BEAUTIFUL AT ONCE.

Immediate?—Yes! Certain?—that's the joy of it. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a Danderine hair cleanse. Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, and lots of it, surely get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents.

GALLUP.

Rev. S. B. Godby filled his regular appointment here Sunday, preaching a very interesting sermon to a large and attentive audience. His subject was "The Second Coming of Christ."

Miss Sallie Gearhart spent Sunday with home folks in Louisa.

The infant child of Joe P. Chapman died at Chapman last Saturday.

O. D. Garred of Huntington and L. T. McClure of Louisa were business visitors here last week.

Rev. and Mrs. S. B. Godby were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McClure Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Zenas Chapman of Beaver creek are here visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Fugate.

Mrs. A. T. Shannon was in Louisa Saturday.

Harvey Belcher died at his home on Griffiths creek Friday. Interment at Wallace graveyard Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Childers were callers at the home of Mrs. A. T. Shannon.

An oil rig was brought to Chapman last week and work on the drilling was begun Monday.

T. J. Chapman has moved his family to Ashland where he has employment.

F. C. McClure was a business visitor in Louisa Wednesday.

Alger Chapman of Huntington, is here visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Chapman.

Miss Lena Black of Durbin is here the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. G. McClure.

Misses Sallie Gearhart and Marie Roberts were guests of Mrs. Wm. Childers at Chapman Thursday.

Lucien Smith of Prichard, W. Va., was a visitor in Gallup Saturday.

COSMOS AND PANSIES.

CADMUS.

In spite of the weather conditions there is not regularly a vacant seat at Green Valley school.

There will be church at Green Valley the fourth Sunday.

In spite of the bad weather the farmers are having to go to their fields and gather corn.

Wm. Belcher is opening up a new coal mine near Cadmus.

Theodore Chadwick will leave soon for Hitchens where he expects to find his fortune.

Cenard Jordan was seen on Poorhouse Branch Sunday.

Theodore Chadwick and Conard Jordan visited Green Valley school last week and they say had a very nice time.

Prof. Cunningham was heard lamenting over the creek being frozen over.

The business of catching muskrats will soon be over.

Monroe Adams was visiting his uncle, Wm. Ekers Saturday and Sunday.

Henry Ekers is going to Portsmouth where he has employment.

Luther Prince says that he is having the time of his life at Green Valley school.

Miss Audrey Harmon, while riding on a sleigh at Green Valley one day last week, received some bad bruises when the sleigh she was riding in turned turtle.

The coal mines of Cadmus are doing very good business if there is lots of snow.

Edgar Riffe and Lyman Riley left Sunday for Portsmouth where they expect to get higher wages.

Monroe Adams expects to go to Kenova soon.

Miss Esta Prince, Oran and Marie Ekers Sunday.

Monroe Adams, Henry Ekers and Conard Jordan were at Cadmus Saturday.

Henry Ekers says if the weather doesn't get better he is going to try running his Ford in the snow.

Prof. Cunningham's arm that was broken last week, is getting better.

BUFFALO WILLIE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the business conducted under the name of V. B. Shortridge & Company, and as Shortridge & Woods, is discontinued, and now in process of settlement, and all persons having accounts due either of said firms, are hereby notified to settle without delay.

V. B. SHORTRIDGE, Glenwood, Ky. 1-25.

MusiC

KENTUCKY NORMAL COLLEGE
Louisa, Kentucky
PIANO HARMONY
VIOLIN INTERPRETATION
ORCHESTRA COUNTERPOINT
HISTORY OF MUSIC

High School students receive credit for work in music. Graduating Diplomas granted by K. N. C.

MAKE YOUR MUSIC MEAN SOMETHING TO YOU!

PUPILS ENROLLING EVERY DAY

Kentucky Oil Pioneers.

Twenty years ago, with the crude instruments of the time, Dr. Elmer Northcutt set out to prove his belief that there was oil in Kentucky. Against the pessimistic outlook he fought, and found oil—lots of it.

Today with the oil industry flourishing in Eastern Kentucky he sees a still more optimistic outlook.

"Development in Kentucky is only beginning," Dr. Northcutt declared in Lexington for the oil men's gathering. "The best wells have not been drilled. The largest pools are still untouched."

Dr. Northcutt says that the oil men of the present in this State cannot realize the difficulties which faced the men who blazed the trail. There are troubles now, and many of them. But the future, he says, is bright, and things are shaping entirely in favor of the industry.

Work Against Hardships.

"The oil wells now are necessarily being built near railroads, near boarding houses, and where big leases can be obtained. Bad roads have hurt the operators as they work their way in the new-found field. It is hard to get casings for drilling, tubing for wells and machinery. But the oil men are plugging against the difficulties as we battle with the greater obstacles when there were greater hardships and the outcome was not so sure."

"There is a cheery outlook in the other direction," he said. "Now virtually any development in the State of Kentucky is valuable. A lucky strike either of oil or gas, counts for gain. Gasoline plants are now being built in Menifee county and soon will be built in the other fields of Kentucky. Two gas lines extend through the field. Pipe lines from Monticello, in Wayne county, have been built to Parkersburg, W. Va., and there is steady market for oil."

Dr. Northcutt is not a believer in luck in the oil business. The lucky strike idea is wrong, he says. The Kentucky field was not run into by accident to make men rich by a turn of fate.

Science Blazed Way.

The finding of oil in this State was brought about by cold study. Geological survey showed where lines and structures were located. Hard work on the part of the pioneers brought the developments. This is his explanation of the exploration of the oil field.

Dr. Northcutt's story of the beginning in Kentucky gives an insight into the troubles met by the pathfinders as they drilled in fields unknown to the oil world.

"George Dimmick, sat in his office in Pittsburgh, and figured. This was the beginning of the oil industry in Kentucky. He drew on his map the now well known line of the 43 degrees from the oil fields of Pennsylvania down thru the state of Ohio, to a point at Beaver in the Sandy Valley in Floyd county. From a geological viewpoint, there should, there had to be, oil in Kentucky. On this premise he purchased leases."

"Loaded in pushboats, his machinery was pushed by poles seventy miles up to the Sandy river to the point chosen for the first oil development in that part of Kentucky. The first well was a gusher and flowed over the top of the derrick. The first production was put on the market and sold."

"A few years later, I left Valley View and began development in the Ragland field. Mr. Dimmick and I were both believers in geology. We did our own drawing, located our own lines and structures. The discoveries of the early oil fields in Kentucky did not occur by any accident but by careful study and hard work."

"As usual in pioneering, the expense of obtaining the market for the oil, lack of pipe lines and accessibility to refineries made it a losing proposition to the pioneer operators at that time. Spending of enough money to build the land for running of oil was objected to."

"A few years later, with the largest steel tank at that time in the world full of oil, I found myself practically broke. There was no market, no pipe lines. It could not be sold."

"In what is now the Menifee gas field, the first well drilled at that time met a problem in that it was utterly impossible to obtain a market for gas or oil. There was absolutely no market."

"Today from this field, gas is being produced which for twelve years has supplied Lexington, Winchester and Mt. Sterling."

"It required large sums of money to build the Cumberland Pipe Line which now takes oil from the field. This was done after the pioneers had proved that there was oil in abundance here."

"Eighteen years ago I told Al Jennings, in Pittsburgh, that there was oil in Kentucky."

"How far is it from a pipe line," he asked.

"Ninety miles," I was forced to answer.

"He declared that the oil was not yet ready for development. These are some of the rebuffs of the early days. But now for the oil man, the sun shines bright in old Kentucky."

Dr. Northcutt has drilled in Bath, Menifee, Estill, Powell, Rockcastle, Johnson, Knott and Rowan counties, and declares that only in Rockcastle, Johnson Knott and Rowan counties, has there been failure to strike oil.

MATTIE.

Our school will close here Saturday January 26.

J. D. Ball C. C. and Roy Hay made a business trip to Louisa Monday.

John Ball was on our creek Thursday last.

Mahala Moore spent Saturday night with Jettie Hays.

Mrs. Dollie Miller spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mrs. H. K. Moore.

Ray Stambaugh was visiting his sister, Mrs. Jay Moore one day last week.

Byrd Childers, wife and children, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hays.

H. K. Moore spent Saturday night and Sunday with home folks.

Minnie Moore spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. J. D. Ball.

Willie and Bessie Moore entertained quite a number of young folks Friday night.

Burnsie Ball spent Sunday with Everett Ball.

MRS. GRUNDY.

I have sold my store at Torchlight. All who owe accounts there will please call at the old stand and pay up. Do not delay, as I must get these matters closed.

ANDY NEW, JR.

"CASCARETS" FOR A COLD, BAD BREATH OR SICK HEADACHE

BEST FOR LIVER AND BOWELS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, SOUR STOMACH AND CONSTIPATION.

Get a 10-cent box now. Furred Tongue, Bad Colds, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give you constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then to keep their stomach, liver and bowels regulated, and never know a miserable moment. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

DOGS OR SHEEP?

Editor News:—The 1917 Financial Statement published last week, shows that Lawrence county paid \$671 for sheep killed by dogs. The Assessor's book shows 1363 dogs over four months old in the county that year. As a matter of fact more sheep were killed than calves were filed for, and there were more than 1363 dogs over four months old in the county. Also the Sheriff did not collect in the full number of dogs. Many dogs become intangible when the Assessor calls and many dogs are listed which the Sheriff cannot collect on. This condition prevails all over the State.

It is commendable to say that Lawrence produced more sheep than any county in the Big Sandy valley. But for worthless dogs she would have produced many times more sheep.

Dogs and sheep cannot be raised together. Where dogs are plentiful sheep are scarce. To illustrate: Last year Jefferson county had only 688 sheep. However, she had 2147 dogs. Fayette county had only 688 dogs but she had 10,419 sheep. So to, Clark had only 838 dogs but she had 12,618 sheep.

Lawrence should and could produce as many sheep as Clark but for worthless dogs.

A state-wide movement is on to increase sheep production. The farmers of Lawrence county should encourage this movement by writing Hon. Brig. H. Harris, their Representative, and asking his aid.

The idea is not to abolish dogs nor to separate them from their master but rather to keep them together. An increased tax will do but little, if any good. What we need is a law requiring that all dogs be kept on the premises of the owner and attach a penalty if the owner permits them to stray away. Farmers are required to pay a penalty if they permit their stock to stray from their premises, so why not make this rule apply to dog owners?

Sheep raising can be made very profitable to the mountain farmer, because but little grain feed is required. Not in years will the sheep and wool be equal to the demand. Top notch prices will prevail long after peace is declared, so now is the time for the farmers to get together and make conditions favorable for an increased sheep production.

WARREN M. MEEK, Auxier, Ky.

MADE IN HADES.

Confidential Letter From the Devil to the Kaiser.

Decoded by Eugene H. Blake, of The Vigilantes, Infernal Palace, Hades.

My Dear Wilhelm:

Before we started this war, any article would sell faster in almost any country if "Made in Germany" was stamped on it. Confidence in the product and good will for Germany put the sale across dead easy.

But now, my dear Kaiser, look what you've done. You have: Plans for World Conquest—"Made in Germany."

Scrapped Belgian Treaties—"Made in Germany."

Poison Gases—"Made in Germany."

Plans for Armenian Holy Wars—"Made in Germany."

Lusitania Murders—"Made in Germany."

Broken Pledges—"Made in Germany."

Hymns of Hate—"Made in Germany."

Zepplin Baby-brainings—"Made in Germany."

Barbarities Against Prisoners—"Made in Germany."

Betrays of Neutrals—"Made in Germany."

Sink without a trace Notes—"Made in Germany."

It's good work, all right, Wilhelm, but if you don't watch out you never can use "Made in Germany" after the war. You gotta think about that, you know. An article marked "Made in Hades" would sell better.

I'm afraid we've overdone this thing. What do you think?

Faithfully your friend and ally, BELZEBUB, Prince of Devils and Kaiser of Hades.

You Can't Go Barefooted

You are lucky if you can be fitted from that part of our stock bought before the big advance in shoes. Come in and try.

We have a very large line of Shoes for men, women and children. Don't forget this fact when you need shoes. BUY NOW AND SAVE MONEY.

Mrs. W. M. Justice

DEPARTMENT STORE

Louisa 1-1 Kentucky

FEED, MEAL AND FLOUR

THE BIG SANDY MILLING COMPANY HAS LATELY CHANGED HANDS; AS STATED IN A RECENT ISSUE OF THIS PAPER, AND NOW HAS IN A SUPPLY OF GRAIN AND IS READY TO TAKE CARE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS IN AN EFFICIENT A MANNER AS POSSIBLE. WE AIM TO GIVE A SQUARE DEAL TO ALL.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE" IS OUR MOTTO. SO WHEN IN NEED OF ANY KIND OF FEED, MEAL OR FLOUR, COME AND SEE US AND

Get our Prices before you Buy

WE HAVE RECENTLY REPAIRED OUR MILL WITH NEW BOLTING CLOTHES AND ARE PREPARED TO GIVE YOU GOOD FLOUR, IF YOUR WHEAT IS GOOD ACCORDINGLY. WE STILL GIVE A BARREL OF FLOUR FOR FIVE BUSHELS OF GOOD WHEAT, CUSTOMER PAYING FOR THE BARREL OR FURNISHING SAME FOR HIS FLOUR.

Big Sandy Milling Company
By M. A. HAY, Secretary

Sheriff's Sale For Taxes.

By virtue of taxes due the County and State for the year 1917 I, or one of my deputies, will on Monday, the 15th day of February, 1918, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m., at the Court House in Louisa, expose to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due the aforesaid and costs, to-wit:

Acres Land	Valued At	Tax, cost and penalty
Dr. Frank Ramey.....13	\$ 100	\$ 2.46
Sarah Copley.....40	4000	49.70
Jane Y. Curry.....20	200	4.91
W. J. Lyons.....30	180	4.41
Eldon Fields, Etc.....75	500	9.27
O. G. Curry.....30	100	3.44
T. F. Mead.....7	100	5.05
Frank Ramey.....16	75	2.93
G. S. McNeill.....100	400	10.20
Main Island Creek Coal Co.....200	500	8.23
Zack Phillips.....1 town lot	500	10.77

Levied upon as the property of the above named to satisfy taxes, costs and penalties as above set out. Given under my hand this 22nd day of January 1918.
R. A. STONE, Sheriff.
Jan 25-4t. By THOS. SHANNON, D. S.

Buy a \$4.12

War Savings Stamp

The Government Buys it Back from You January 1st, 1923 for \$5.00

Buy it outright for Cash, Or buy it on the Installment Plan 25c down and 25c whenever you feel like saving it

HOW TO BUY IT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN

Go to the Louisa National Bank or a post office. Pay 25c, and the man at the window will give you a U. S. Government Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card.

Paste your Thrift Stamp on your Thrift Card. When you feel like saving another 25c buy another Thrift Stamp and paste it on the same card.

When you have pasted sixteen of these Thrift Stamps on your Thrift Card, take this card to the bank or post office, and give it to the man at window.

Also give him 12c.

The man will give you a W. S. S.—a U. S. War Saving Stamp. He will also give you a U. S. War Savings Certificate.

A War Savings Certificate is a pocket-size folder on which you can paste 20 War Savings Stamps.

Paste your War Savings Stamp in your War Savings Certificate. Take good care of it as it is worth \$4.12.

On January 1st, 1923, the U. S. Government buys this War Savings Certificate from you, paying you \$5.

This profit is 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly.

Every man, woman and child, in this hour of our country's need, should save money and buy as many War Savings Stamps as he can afford.

You can buy your second War Saving Stamp on the installment plan just as you bought your first one, and more if you desire up to \$2.40.

HOW TO BUY IT FOR CASH

If you do not wish to buy War Savings Stamps on the Installment plan as explained above, you simply pay \$4.12 at the War Savings Stamp window of any bank or post office.

War Savings Stamps cost \$4.12 during January.

During February they will cost \$4.13.

After February they go up one cent more each month.

So you see, the sooner you buy your stamps the more money you earn on them.

If you should need your money at any time, take your War Savings Certificate to any post office.

The post office will give you back your money plus accrued interest at the rate of about 3 per cent.

If you do not wish to go to a post office or a bank to buy a Thrift Stamp write on a postcard, "Send me one 25-cent Thrift Stamp, C. O. D."

Address the postcard to "The Post Office."

Next day your postman will bring you a 25-cent Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card, C. O. D.

Start buying a War Savings Stamp TO-DAY.

THE LOUISA NATIONAL BANK

CORNER MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KENTUCKY

No. 7122. REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Louisa National Bank, at Louisa, in the State of Kentucky, at the close of business on Dec. 31, 1917.

RESOURCES.	
1. a Loans and Discounts.....	\$248,423.68
5. U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917):	
a U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value).....	50,000.00
b U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value).....	1,600.00
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness.....	51,000.00
6. a Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged 3½ per cent and 4 per cent.....	38,950.00
b Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits.....	5,000.00
c Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged.....	19,811.98
Total bonds, securities, etc.....	24,811.98
8. Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock.....	550.00
9. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription).....	2,100.00
10. a Value of banking house.....	5,000.00
b Furniture and fixtures.....	1,500.00
12. Real estate owned other than banking house.....	400.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank.....	26,180.00
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks.....	103,265.88
16. Net amounts due from banks and bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14 and 15.....	458.30
19. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17).....	
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 19.....	103,724.18
19. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items.....	1,762.45
20. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer.....	2,500.00
Total,	\$506,911.37

LIABILITIES.	
23. Capital stock paid in.....	\$50,000.00
24. Surplus fund.....	20,000.00
25. a Undivided profits.....	
b Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid....	13,194.74
29. Circulating notes outstanding.....	49,000.00
31. Net amount due to National banks.....	1,617.66
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers and trust companies (other than those included in Items 30 or 31)	
Total of Items 31 and 32.....	1,617.66
Demand deposits subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
33. Individual deposits subject to check.....	284,896.82
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed).....	9,974.82
36. Cashier's checks outstanding.....	1,853.89
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40.....	296,705.44
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days or subject to 30 days or more notice):	
41. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	
42. Time savings deposits.....	71,172.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41, 42, 43, and 44.....	4,211.47
75,593.47	
c Other United States deposits, including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers.....	1,000.00 1,000.00
Total.	\$506,911.30

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Woman's Extravagance.

How much is said and written upon this subject. Now pause a moment, my dear masculine friend and let us compare notes. We will be very brief and only enumerate a very, very few so as to tax your patience in the least or weary you with many comparisons. To be sure our ribbons and laces look like great iridescent piles to your unfeminine eyes, but could not the entire lot be bought with the money thrown away in your cigar stumps? Our darling bonnets, though so ubiquitous in this age, we admit cost of a trifle, but so do all those luxuries over the way where we, poor souls, never care nor dare to enter, and where even you for modesty's sake have to go in at the back entrance. Our silks and satins cost less than your broadcloth. Now saying nothing of your clubs, and the secret associations to which you belong, but ignoring all these where are all the superfluities of our sex, I would ask, not overbalanced by those of your own? Where are they?

Home Sweet Home.

Stay, stay at home, my heart and rest! Homeseeking hearts are happiest. For those that wander they know not where.

Are full of trouble and full of care. To stay at home is best.

Home—the name made dear by sacred associations, the place where childhood feet take their first faltering steps and infant minds receive their first ideas. Where lessons of love and truth, of right and wrong, of faith and hope and purity are imprinted upon the plastic heart, and all the sorrows and perplexities of after life are inefficient to quaff the first deep true impressions. Sweet home where the mother's gentle hands prepare the little domestic comforts that a father's love provides, and filial affection is the silver link, the silken tie that binds the household band together. Trials may come and clouds may lower, but in the seclusion of home remains sweet healing for the wounds that brave and sensitive hearts hide from a disdainful world. There these hurts and distresses may be confidently revealed and a sovereign remedy found in its unquestioning faith. There a child's pure kiss or the touch of dimpled fingers may revive a soul on the verge of despair and in the home the brightest dreams become more golden, the rarest pleasures more intense, the tenderest joys more serene. And if, in the varying degrees of fortune, its loving shelter must be abandoned how the exile folds about his heart, as the traveler does his cloak, the memory of its lights and flowers, its loves and hopes and kind smiles. There the robust influences exist, the boldest impulses find expression and there have been born the chaste and lofty sentiments that have made a whole world better.

The bitterest tears shed over graves are for words left unsaid and for deeds left undone. "She never knew that I loved her." "He never knew what he was to me." "I always meant to make more of our friendship." "I did not know what he was to me until he was gone." Such words are the poisoned arrows which cruel death shoots from the door of the sepulchre.

There is an enduring tenderness in the love of a mother for her son that transcends all other affections of the heart.

A crust of bread, a pitcher of water, a log cabin and perfect love—there is happiness for you, whether the day be

rainy or shiny. It is the heart that makes the home, whether the eye rests on a potato patch or a flower garden. The heart makes home precious, and it is the only thing that can. Home is where the heart is.

While a man admires womanly beauty, yet in married life he admires much more—a good square meal cooked by his loving spouse; and let a wife have little or no knowledge of the art of house-keeping, domestic economy, or as a poor cook, be her husband rich as Croesus, her lot will be miserable.

Says a father of a small family to us, "My boys and girls do not leave the door yard after seven o'clock unless especially detained." We know of others that adopted that same rule years ago and their sons and daughters are today a credit to the town and community. There is nothing elevating in a street education.

That was a wise remark of a wise woman who said she counted the battle of life won if, at fifteen, her children preferred their home to any other place in the world—a remark not true without exceptions, but to be trusted a great way.

The mother who allows the blues and sulks to overshadow the home, who allows herself to be moody and discontented, falls in a chief duty and places a handicap on her husband and children in the race of life.

The more a woman allows her sons to spend time and money in dressing themselves up, the more it will cost their father some day to dress them down.

MOTHER! YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, FROM CONSTIPATION

IF TONGUE IS COATED, BREATH BAD, STOMACH SOUR, CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS.

Give "California Syrup of Figs" at once—a teaspoonful today often saves a sick child tomorrow. If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look! Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without gripping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

Return 7 empty Golden Dream cans with lids to your grocer and get a one-pound can of Golden Dream coffee free, which is equal to a saving of 1 cent per pound. BETTERTON-RUPERT COFFEE CO. 1-18-17.



Uncle Sam's Big Problem

Great warships are sliding off the ways; navy yards and arsenals are working night and day; great mobilization camps have sprung up as if by magic; everywhere the vast resources of the nation are being gathered together for war.

All over the Bell telephone system, thousands of employees are busily engaged in all branches of telephone activity, to keep pace with the extraordinary telephone needs of the nation. And with the increased government requirements, there will be greater demands for commercial service.

Not only is there a great scarcity of materials, but there is a similar scarcity of labor, and already many of our technically trained employees—men who cannot be replaced—have joined the colors.

As time goes on it will become continually harder to meet the demands for service from governmental and private sources—and our patrons are asked to bear this extraordinary condition in mind and to help in the maintenance of an effective service by eliminating all wasteful use of telephone lines and equipment.

Our loyal organization is working continuously to meet the increased demands and your patient co-operation will prove helpful and inspiring.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF KENTUCKY, Inc.



PAINTSVILLE, KY. A. A. SHARP, MANAGER

Save

1-wheat

use more corn

2-meat

use more fish & beans

3-fats

use just enough

4-sugar

use syrups

and serve
the cause of freedom
U.S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

WHEATLESS BISCUITS.



Parched cornmeal is the feature of these excellent wheatless biscuits. First, the cornmeal—one-half a cup—is put in a shallow pan placed in the oven and stirred frequently until it is a delicate brown. The other ingredients are a teaspoon of salt, a cup of peanut butter and one and a half cups of water. Mix the peanut butter, water and salt and beat. While this mixture is hot stir in the meal thoroughly. The dough should be of such consistency that it can be dropped from a spoon. Bake in small cakes from an ungreased pan. This makes 16 biscuits, each of which contains one-sixth of an ounce of protein.

DELICIOUS CORN MUFFINS.



Here's an old fashioned recipe for corn muffins that has recently been revived and used with unusual success in several of the larger New York hotels: To make three and a half dozen muffins take one quart milk, six ounces butter substitute, twelve ounces of light syrup or honey, four eggs, pinch of salt, two ounces baking powder, one and a half pounds cornmeal and one and a half pounds rye flour. The butter and syrup should be thoroughly mixed; then add the eggs gradually. Pour in the milk and add the rye flour mixed with cornmeal and baking powder.

FACE the FACTS

LET us face the facts. The war situation is critical. Unless the Allies fight as they never yet have fought, defeat threatens. Hungry men cannot fight at their best; nor hungry nations. France, England, and Italy are going hungry unless we feed them.

Wheat Savings—They must have wheat. It is the best food to fight on. It is the easiest to ship. We alone can spare it to them. By saving just a little—less than a quarter of what we ate last year—we can support those who are fighting our battles. And we can do it without stinting ourselves. We have only to substitute another food just as good.

The Corn of Plenty—Corn is that food. There's a surplus of it. Providence has been generous in the hour of our need. It has given us corn in such bounty as was never known before. Tons of corn. Trainloads of corn. Five hundred million bushels over and above our regular needs. All we have to do is to learn to appreciate it. Was ever patriotic duty made so easy? And so clear?

America's Own Food—Corn! It is the true American food. The Indians, hardest of races, lived on it. Our forefathers adopted the diet and conquered a continent. For a great section of our country it has long been the staff of life. How well the South fought on it, history tells. Now it can help America win a world war.

Learn Something—Corn! It isn't one food. It's a dozen. It's a cereal. It's a vegetable. It's a bread. It's a dessert. It's nutritious; more food value in it, dollar for dollar, than meat or eggs or most other vegetables. It's good to eat; how good you don't know until you've had corn-bread properly cooked. Best of all, it's plentiful and it's patriotic.

Corn's Infinite Variety—How much do you know about corn? About how good it is? About the many delicious ways of cooking it? And what you miss by not knowing more about it? Here are a few of its uses:

There are at least fifty ways to use corn meal to make good dishes for dinner, supper, lunch or breakfast. Here are some suggestions:

HOT BREADS

Boston brown bread.
Hoecake.
Muffins.
Biscuits.
Griddle cakes.
Waffles.

DESSERTS

Corn-meal molasses cake.
Apple corn bread.
Dumplings.
Gingerbread.
Fruit gems.

HEARTY DISHES

Corn-meal croquettes.
Meat and corn-meal dumplings.
Italian polenta.
Tamales.
The recipes are in Farmers' Bulletin 565, "Corn Meal as a Food and Ways of Using It," free from the Department of Agriculture.

This Is Our Winter of Test

SERVING food is a local problem for each community. Prices and definite rules for every one cannot be formulated. It is a duty for each one to eat only so much as is necessary to maintain the human body healthy and strong. This winter of 1918 is the period when it is to be tested here in America whether our people are capable of voluntary individual sacrifice to save the world. That is the purpose of the organization of the United States Food Administration—by voluntary effort to provide the food that the world needs.

U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

NEED BIG HERDS

Europe's Meat Supply Must Come From America.

Warring Nations Have Depleted Live Stock at Enormous Rate, Even Killing Dairy Cattle For Food.

American stock breeders are being asked to conserve their flocks and herds in order to meet Europe's tremendous demands for meats during the war and probably for many years afterward.

The United States food administration reports that American stock raisers have shown a disposition to co-operate with the government in increasing the nation's supply of live stock.

Germany today is probably better supplied with live stock than any other European nation. When the German armies made their big advance into France and then retreated virtually all the cattle in the invaded territory—approximately 1,800,000 head—were driven behind the German lines.

But in England—where 2,400,000 acres of pasture lands have been turned into grain fields—the cattle herds are decreasing rapidly. One of the reasons apparently is the declining maximum price scale adopted by the English as follows: For September, \$17.76 per 100 pounds; October, \$17.23; November and December, \$16.08; January, \$14.40. The effect of these prices was to drive beef animals on the market as soon as possible.

In France the number of cattle as well as the quality have shown an enormous decline during the war. Where France had 14,807,000 head of cattle in 1913, she now has only 12,341,900, a decrease of 16.6 per cent. And France is today producing only one gallon of milk compared to two and one-half gallons before the war.

Denmark and Holland have been forced to sacrifice dairy herds for beef because of the lack of necessary feed. Close study of the European meat situation has convinced the Food Administration that the future problem of America lies largely in the production of meat producing animals and dairy products rather than in the production of cereals for export when the war will have ceased.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT HELPS PAY FOR BREAD

There has been much misunderstanding about the bread program in England. It is true that the Englishman buys a loaf of bread for less than an American can, but it is poorer bread, and the British government is paying \$200,000,000 a year toward the cost of it.

All the grain grown in Great Britain is taken over by the government at an arbitrary price and the imported wheat purchased on the markets at the prevailing market price. This is turned over to the mills by the government at a price that allows the adulterated war bread loaf of four pounds to sell at 18 cents, the two pound loaf at 9 cents and the one pound loaf at 5 cents.

In France, under conditions somewhat similar, but with a larger extraction, the four pound loaf sells for 16 cents.

MAKING MEATLESS DAYS PERMANENT.

In the meatless menu there is a fertile field for developing new and nourishing dishes, according to E. H. Niles, writing in the Hotel Gazette, who believes that the present shortage of meat and fats will not end with the coming of peace, but may grow more acute and continue for five or six years, thus making it worth while to develop menus of grain, vegetables and fish on a more or less permanent basis. Meat can be replaced by cereals and other protein foods, or may be served in very small portions as a flavoring for other food. In making up meatless menus this author finds our American Creole and southern cuisine a broad field for investigation.

NO INDIGESTION, GAS, OR STOMACH MISERY IN FIVE MINUTES

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" FOR SOUR, ACID, STOMACH, HEART-BURN, DYSPEPSIA.

Time it! In five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn, or belching of gas, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest and quickest and most certain stomach antidote in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it, without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

OBITUARY.

Arthur Edmond was born in Boyd county, Ky., March 23, 1881 and departed this life December 8, 1917, age 36 years 8 months and 15 days. He was the eldest son of James and Maggie Edmond and grandson of Rev. D. K. Leslie. He was kind and good to all and had no enemies. He was converted 12 years prior to his death, but had backslidden and a short time before his last illness he was reclaimed. He was sick six months and during the time of his last hours on earth his dear mother was the only one with him and he said to her, "Mother I am all right. My little brothers, Irvin and Wesley and the other departed members of our family are with me now." No doubt they come to accompany him to the glory world and on the 8th day of December in company with redeemed loved ones and holy angels his spirit took its flight from this cold world to the haven of eternal rest and his body was consigned to cold mother earth there to sleep until the trump of God sound the resurrection of worlds. Then he will come up in the first resurrection on which the second death has no power. He had faced the storms of this life for 36 long years, but on the top of the captured battlements of God's love he can shout victory home at last, home at last. No more storms to face, no battles to fight, no mountains to climb, no river to cross. Thank God he can sit down with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob and redeemed loved ones and sing of Moses and the Lamb for ever and ever. Weep not, dear mother, sister and brothers, Arthur is at rest, sweet rest. Live good and some sweet by and by, you will meet him on the sunny banks of sweet deliverance, never to part again. Your sympathizing friend and brother, ADAM HARMAN.

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more gripping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use. Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it. NC-135

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Entered at the postoffice at Louisa, Ky., as second-class matter.

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M. F. CONLEY,
Editor and Proprietor.

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One Dollar per year.
60 cents for Six Months.
35 cents for Three Months.
Cash in Advance.

Friday, January 25, 1918.

Wonder how many Senators will walk into Bill Stone's German trap?

One of these fine days if President Wilson should give a few minutes attention to one Theodore Roosevelt, who reluctantly backed out of the Presidency in 1907, the said T. R. would be standing up alongside the Chambermaid of the Senate.

Bill Stone's bitter "partisan" speech in the Senate Monday was a deliberate scheme to stir up the animals for the purpose of giving aid and comfort to the Kaiser. How well his scheme shall succeed depends upon how many really wise and patriotic Senators we have.

Senator Stone made a most objectionable speech in the Senate Monday. Democratic leaders made every effort to induce him to not deliver the speech, but he is one of the "willful twelve" and there is no way to stop him except by gassing him or hitting him amidships with a big torpedo.

America for Americans! The test of patriotism is on. It is time to separate the sheep from the goats. The barbarians who stand with the Kaiser should no longer be permitted to breathe the free air of America. Only those who are loyal in this crisis are worthy to receive the protection or toleration of the United States.

The railroads are unable to meet present demands. They have not kept up with the growth of the country because of the unreasonable laws hampering them. They should be reasonably regulated, but not choked to death. No country can prosper without ample railroad facilities and railroads can not exist without making some profit.

President Wilson and his official family are now experiencing what Lincoln had to contend with during the war and what McKinley had to contend with in the Spanish-American war. It is the same experience that comes to all public servants upon whom falls the burden of conducting a war. Criticism from a lot of fellows without capacity to comprehend the magnitude and difficulties of the task, and from narrow and selfish politicians who would take a chance in wrecking the government to elect themselves to office.

A number of banks, insurance companies and other enterprises in the United States that have had the word "German" in their names are dropping it from the titles. The lines are being drawn. Germany is the outlaw among nations. She has broken all her treaties and promises, declaring them to be only "scraps of paper." She has forced the world into this awful war. Her name should henceforth be a stench in the nostrils of all people who love justice and honor and humanity. "Made in Germany" is a stamp of disgrace now.

Roosevelt's idea of helping to win the war, according to his own specific declaration, is to quarrel about this country being unprepared when the war was forced upon us. He blames all the Presidents except himself for this unpreparedness. What's the use now? It is impossible to undo the past. If Teddy could do that he would go back and start preparations for this war during his seven and a half years as President. He accidentally became the Chief Executive just after the Spanish-American war closed, and one would think from his talk now that he would have seen the need of war preparation at that time. Had he done the wise thing and started the United States at this work, we would now be about ready, without having left a fifteen-years job for President Wilson to crowd into one or two years. He is very wise now—he knows we are at war and that we were unprepared when it came. We all know that now. Roosevelt is nothing but a politician and he is concerned not about winning the war, but only about his eternal and everlasting candidacy for the office of President.

The German sympathizer tells you he does not believe the reports of German brutalities—they are only newspaper stories. The Panama canal is only a "newspaper story" so far as we know who have not seen it. These pro-Germans would deny its existence if necessary to excuse the Kaiser and his bestial subjects. 99 out of 100 "newspaper stories" are true. The records of German brutalities in thousands of cases are sworn to by Mayors and other honorable officials of French and Belgian cities and towns who have been eye-witnesses to these atrocities. This precaution is being taken for the purpose of meeting German denials and for writing into history this blackest page of all.

Again, these Kaiser rosters, these liberty assassins, will attempt to excuse the wholesale German outrages by telling you that United States soldiers will do the same things. The truth is that one American soldier outraged a woman in France and Gen. Pershing had him court-martialed and shot to death. Contrast this with the German record. More than two hundred thousand innocent girls and women of France and Belgium are held behind the German lines in the worst form of slavery. They are lined up and the officers take their choice. The others are left for the private soldiers. The Kaiser wants his soldiers to be beasts and brutes in order to more willingly fight his unholy war. Unlimited license there obtain, throughout the German army and is one of the prizes hung up for the debauched soldiers.

Miss Celeste was left Monday for Vaneburg to accept a position as teacher in the commercial department of a school. She recently started to Michigan, but returned home on account of illness.

TELLS OF BURIAL OF U. S. SOLDIERS

General Pershing Sends Official Report of Funeral of American Heroes.

TRIBUTE BY FRENCH GENERAL

Soldiers of France and United States Surround Grave as General Bordeaux Eulogizes Dead—Suggests Monument Inscription.

Washington, D. C.—The war department has received from General Pershing a copy of the record describing the funeral services for the three American soldiers who were killed in the Germans' first trench raid against United States troops on November 3. The papers bear the following indorsement from Major General William L. Sibert:

"Forwarded recommending that the request of General Bordeaux to have the remains of the men left at Bathelmont be favorably considered."

The record, including the address of General Bordeaux, in part says: "By command of General Bordeaux, French division, the bodies of Corporal Gresham, Private Enright and Private Hay, company F, Sixteenth Infantry, were interred with religious and military ceremony at Bathelmont on the afternoon of November 4.

Improvised Altar Used.
"An altar was improvised and elaborately decorated in the village. The chaplain of a French regiment conducted the church services.

"Following the church ceremony the cortege proceeded to a field adjacent to the village and formed on three sides of a square, the bodies being placed in front of the graves on the fourth side. An American flag, provided by the French, had been placed over the caskets.

"At two o'clock General Bordeaux, accompanied by his full staff, his infantry, artillery and engineer chiefs and a representative of the French corps commander, arrived and took position.

"The troops presented arms and the French band music and band played a funeral march. The chaplain performed the religious ceremony at the graves. Then General Bordeaux advanced to the center of the square and addressed the troops and then the dead. A copy of his address is attached.

"The company of United States Infantry fired three volleys and its trumpet sounded taps. All the troops were then marched by the graves, saluting as they passed. General Bordeaux and his staff departed to the graves, saluted and departed.

"Throughout the ceremony at the graves French batteries from their positions, fired minute guns, over the village at the German trenches.

"The entire ceremony was most impressive."

French Commander's Tribute.

The address of General Bordeaux in part was as follows:

In the name of the Eighteenth division, in the name of the French army, and in the name of France, I bid farewell to Corporal Gresham, Private Enright and Private Hay of the Sixteenth Infantry, American army.

Of their own free will, they had left their happy and prosperous country to come over here. They knew that the war continued in Europe; they knew that the forces fighting for honor, love, justice, civilization were still checked by the long prepared forces which are serving the powers of brutal domination, oppression, barbarism. They knew that an effort was still necessary. They wished to give us their help; and also their generous hearts did not forget old historical memories, while others forgot more recent ones.

They ignored nothing of the circumstances. Nothing had been concealed from them—neither the length nor hardships of this war, nor the violence of the battle, nor the dreadfulness of the new weapons, nor the possibility of the foe. Nothing stopped them.

They had accepted to lead a hard and strenuous life; they had crossed the ocean despite great perils; they had taken their place on the front by our side; they have fallen, facing the foe, in a hard and desperate hand to hand fight. Honor to them! Their families, their friends and their fellow citizens will be proud when they learn of their death.

Men! These graves, the first to be dug in our national soil, at but a short distance from the enemy, are as a mark of the mighty hand of our allies, firmly clinging to the common task, confirming the will of the people and army of the United States, to fight with us to a finish, ready to sacrifice as long as it will be necessary, until final victory for the noblest of causes, that of the liberty of nations, the weak as well as the mighty.

Thus, the death of this humble corporal and of these two private soldiers appears to us with extraordinary grandeur.

We will, therefore, ask that the mortal remains of these young men be left here, be left to us forever. We will inscribe on their tombs:

"Here lie the first soldiers of the United States Republic to fall on the soil of France for Justice and Liberty."

The passerby will stop and uncover his head. The travelers of France, of the allied countries, of America, the men of heart who will come to visit our battlefield of Lorraine, will go out of their way to come here to bring to these graves the tribute of their respect and of their gratefulness.

Corporal Gresham, Private Enright, Private Hay—in the name of France, I thank you. God receive your souls. Farewell.

Firemen Haul Coal.

Oconto, Wis.—This city saved money on its coal bill recently by getting the fuel at almost cost and then having it hauled by the fire department. The coal was for the public schools and the firemen made good as coal heavers, so the school officials say.

NEED 37,500 NURSES

1,000 Per Cent Increase Is Sought by Government.

Nurses Being Called for Duty to Meet Needs of the United States Army.

Washington.—Thirty-seven thousand five hundred nurses will be needed in the army nurse corps of the medical department, according to present estimates based on an army of 1,500,000 men. The present strength of the corps is about 3,500. Increasing the enrollment by nearly 1,000 per cent in a year is the task confronting the corps.

Daily numbers of nurses are being called for to meet immediate needs in army hospitals in the United States and for duty overseas. The present rate of enrollment does not meet the demands. Hospitals at National Guard and National army camps still need 371 nurses to bring the quotas of all up to the minimum considered necessary—65 each.

In order to get the enrollments up to the needed number some of the requirements heretofore imposed are being waived. According to estimates of the nursing committee of the general medical board of the council of national defense, there are between 80,000 and 90,000 registered nurses in the country and about 200,000 other graduate and practical nurses.

Just as soon as immediate needs of cantonment hospitals have been cared for a reserve of 100 nurses will be organized for emergency service in the United States. Lakewood hotel, Lakewood, N. J., has been leased by the government for use as a general hospital for the army and provisions will be made for housing the reserve nurses there. This hotel has not yet been turned over to the war department, but will be in a week or so. The necessary alterations will be made as soon as practicable and the 100 nurses for the reserve will be needed in addition to the permanent nursing staff of the hospital.

WHAT? BAKE BEANS SANS PORK? IT CAN'T BE DONE

Boston.—After acquiescing in "meatless Tuesdays and Fridays" and "lightest Thursdays and Sundays," the housewives of this city are rebelling against "porkless Saturdays." They are willing to forego roasts of pork, chops and ham and even bacon, but—

How can one cook the famous Puritan standby, baked beans, without the generous cut of pork snugly nestling in the dish?

It can't be done. So baked beans with the pork graces many a supper table these Saturday nights, and they will right along until Washington sets its inventing geniuses to work solving the question of porkless baked beans.

SENDS ONLY SON TO WAR

Widow in Straitened Circumstances, Sacrifices Her Sole Support in Cause of Humanity.

Denver, Colo.—Although widowed and in straitened circumstances, Mrs. Clara Doss Burrows, one of the few living descendants of the famous Adams family, urged her only son, Earl Gardner Doss, to enlist for service in Uncle Sam's fighting forces.

The young man is now at the Mass Island Marine corps training station. Young Doss' great-grandfather, Elijah Adams, was among the leaders of the Mohawks, who staged the historic "tea party" in Boston Harbor just prior to the Revolutionary war. His grandfather, Gardner Adams, was a cousin of President John Quincy Adams, and fought in the United States navy throughout the war of 1812. The boy's uncle, another John Quincy Adams, brother of Mrs. Burrows, was with the Union forces in the Civil war.

Mrs. Burrows sacrificed her sole support when young Doss enlisted, but, although she is aged, she declared she would "manage to survive," and was proud that her son had voluntarily offered his services in the cause of humanity. "An Adams couldn't do less," she said.

PARROT SCARES BURGLAR OFF

Raucous Voice From an Adjoining Room Causes Negro to Take to His Heels.

Trenton, N. J.—Rebecca Girman was reading comfortably in the parlor. She heard shambling, heavy footsteps on the icy porch, and the bell jingled perceptibly.

As the woman opened the door in response to the ring, a negro roughly pushed her aside, flung pepper into her eyes, and leveled an automatic gun at her.

"Just one yell and I shoot!" he warned her.

"What language! What language! Leave the room, leave the room instantly!" yelled a raucous voice in the next room.

The negro obeyed in all haste and has not been seen since, although the police have been hunting for him. The voice which frightened him away was a parrot's.

One Fourth Off

Fur Coats, Fur Sets and Pieces. All last Season's at Half Price.

SALE OF SHOES

The sizes having become more broken, we have decided to make still further reductions on the quality shoes we have already been offering at remarkable low prices—YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS GETTING A PAIR OF SHOES AT THESE PRICES.

WOMEN'S HIGH HEEL GREY BOOTS.....\$4.75

GIRLS' AND WOMEN'S MAHOGANY ENGLISH BOOTS.....\$4.75

GIRLS' AND WOMEN'S BLACK ENGLISH BOOTS.....\$3.75

GROVER'S ALL KID BUTTON BOOTS, WELT SOLES.....\$3.75

WOMEN'S BLACK KID IVORY TOP BOOTS \$2.75

GIRLS' PATENT LEATHER BOOTS, Kid or Cloth Tops, Low Heels, Welt Soles, and Broad Toes.....\$1.75

12 Pairs CHILDREN'S RED KID BUTTON SHOES.....\$1.75

You will not be awakened by cold feet if you buy a pair of BED SOCKS—they cost but.....50¢

STORE CLOSÉS ON MONDAYS.

The Anderson-Newcomb Co.

On Third Avenue Huntington, W. Va.

YATESVILLE.

A good well has just been drilled in on the land of Asberry Waller just across the river from here. The drilling was done by the West Virginia Oil Co. Raish Blankenship butchered the finest hog that was ever butchered at Yatesville. When weighed on foot he tipped the beam to 700 pounds.

John Cooksey, one of the workmen in the oil field, while cutting a piece of steel had the sad misfortune to get one of his eyes knocked out. He was taken to a Huntington hospital where an operation was performed and the eye ball was removed and according to late reports he is getting along as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

A man by the name of Lee Fuller is holding a protracted meeting here at this writing.

We are still having the beautiful snow with occasional zero weather and many of our farmers and stock men think that the feed will give out long before the end of the winter.

Keenas Sparks, one of our neighbors, has moved to Sprigg, West Va. All of the boys of our neighborhood who registered have had the questionnaires filled out and have done returned them to the local board.

All of our miners here at our local mines are putting their best foot foremost in the way of hard work and furnishing coal as best they can and still a coal famine appears to confront our entire neighborhood at this writing.

Miss Dora Johns' school will close here on Friday the 25th inst. Miss Dora has taught us a good school.

All the girls of our neighborhood who belonged to the canning club last year are greatly put out over the departure of Miss Davis.

COUNTRY GREENHORN.

Uncle Billie Lowe of Lowmansville, died January 18. He had been in poor health for several months and owing to his advanced age of 85 years his death was no surprise to his friends. He had been married 4 times, all of his wives preceded him to the grave several years ago. He is survived by several sons and daughters and grandchildren. He died at the home of his son, Jim, Lowe, with whom he had made his home since the death of his last wife. He had been a member of the United Baptist church for a great many years. He was an honest and good citizen and liked by all who knew him.

Mrs. L. W. Hatfield has been seriously ill for a few days and sorry to say she is no better at this writing.

Charley Burton fell on the ice recently and hurt himself pretty badly.

Uncle Charley Charles is still in a serious condition on account of injuries caused by a mule falling with him some time ago.

Marior Young wife and daughter have returned to their home at Powell, W. Va., after a brief visit here with relatives and friends.

John George, who sold his farm at Henrietta to Elijah B. Brown some time ago, is moving to his farm at this place purchased of Mr. W. M. Chapman of Charley.

Jesse Daniels of Lowmansville, is moving from his farm to the farm vacated by Mr. George. James Lowe will occupy Jesse Daniels farm this year.

The new arrivals are to George Tom Williams and wife, a boy and to Lawrence Kazee and wife, a girl.

On account of the early and continuous cold weather a considerable amount of corn and fodder is yet standing in the field, corn being considered too sappy to gather early.

There are several cases of colds and grippé here.

EUREKA.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

The works in Columbus have shut down for five days on account of coal and coke shortage.

E. A. Gartin of Louisa arrived here Friday night to visit his son and daughter, Elmer and Dee Gartin.

The weather has been very cold for the last six weeks.

Mr. Hall, Foney Crabtree and Jeff Pigg left Friday night for parts unknown.

Mrs. Z. T. Moore is on the sick list. M. H. Moore and family have moved from Columbus to Chesapeake, W. Va. Charles Alley was calling on Miss Ethel Johnson at North Berne, O., a few days ago.

George Hall and Ernest Kelley are working for the Carnegie Steel Co.

The streets here are crowded with the families boys.

D. W. Gartin and his brother, Charley Gartin, are running a barber shop at Rushville, Ohio.

Think we can report a wedding soon. Ernest Kelley is expecting to visit home folks soon.

Misses Virgie Hughes and Blanche Gartin visited Mrs. John Curnutte Saturday evening.

Tom and Arlie Curnutte were visiting Hobart Curnutte Friday.

There are fourteen cases of small pox in Columbus.

John Lear, who has been sick for some time, is improving.

Mrs. and Mrs. Liss Cordell were calling on James Curnutte and family recently.

Mrs. Joe Alley, who has been on the sick list, we are glad to say is better.

BLAINE.

Labe Edwards and wife of Texas, are visiting their many friends and relatives at this place. Mr. Edwards has been working in the oil fields for a good many years.

Ohio Nickle and Myrtle Pack are visiting in Ashland and other down river points.

Bazil Whit and brother-in-law, Hubert Wheeler, who moved to Ohio a year or two ago, are back on a visit.

Burns Johnson, son of T. O. Johnson and Ray Stafford, son of Will Stafford of Portsmouth, Ohio, are visiting their many friends at this place.

Lee Wetzel the well known oil well driller, is spending the cold weather with his brother-in-law, W. S. Edwards.

Bud Swetnam, a respected citizen of this place, has been quite sick for some time. He is slightly improved at this time.

H. J. Pack manager for the Big Blaine Produce Co., had the misfortune to cut his leg on a piece of iron but is improving. He will soon be on the job again.

BIG CHIEF.

HOGWALLOW HAPPENINGS.

(George Bingham.)

The Deputy Constable has posted a notice on the persimmon tree at the forks of the road warning all passers to not make any noise as they are liable to jar the persimmons off.

Miss Hostetter Hocks thinks pumpkins would be handsome and fine looking if they didn't have such a bad complexion.

A girl smiled at Cricket Hicks the other day. It all happened so sudden he just stood and looked simple, but after he got off a distance he smiled right good and thought of something sweet to say to her, but it was too late then.

Poke Eazley, who believes in keeping abreast of the times, has had some buttons sewed on his coat.

Slim Pickens went to the circus at Tickville last Friday and while no monkey else that he knew was around he asked the snake charmer if she belonged to the church.

Cricket Hicks, who is thinking about becoming a comedian, is out in the woods this week eating hickory-nuts with the squirrels.

OUR OFFICIALS

(Politics Indicated By D and R)

U. S. Senators—Ollie M. James and J. C. W. Beckham—D.
Congressman—W. J. Fields—D.
Governor—A. O. Stanley—D.
Lieut. Governor—Jas. A. Black—D.
Auditor—Thos. Greene—D.
Atty. General—Chas. H. Morris—D.
Treasurer—Sherman Gooden—D.
Sec. of State—James Lewis—R.
Supt. Public Instruction—V. O. Gilbert—D.

State Senator—Dr. H. T. Morris—R.
Representative—B. H. Harris—R.

Circuit Judge—A. N. Cisko—R.
Commonwealth's Attorney—John M. Waugh—D.

Lawrence County.

County Judge—Billie Riffe—R.
Co. Attorney—D. L. Thompson—R.
County Clerk—D. R. Adams—R.
Circuit Clerk—W. J. Roberts—R.
Sheriff—W. M. Taylor—D.
Supt. Schools—J. H. Ekers—D.
Jailer—S. M. Sturgell—R.
Assessor—Work Williams—R.
Surveyor—L. E. Wallace—D.
Coroner—M. V. Hickman—R.

Justice of the Peace, composing the county fiscal court—P. F. Diamond (D), G. S. Chapman (R), George W. Wellman (D), W. E. Fugitt (R), G. V. Pack (R), Henry Bishop (R), Jay Fraher (D).

City Of Louisa.

Mayor—Augustus Snyder—D.
Police Judge—H. B. Hewlett—D.
City Clerk—R. L. Vinson—D.
Treasurer—J. R. Kinster—D.
Assessor—James Norton—R.
Marshal—C. C. Skaggs—D.
Councilmen—Dr. T. D. Burgess (R), W. E. Queen (D), H. E. Evans (R), John M. Moore (D), O. C. Atkins (R), G. R. Lewis (D).

NATURE TELLS YOU.

AS MANY A LOUISA READER KNOWS TOO WELL.

When the kidneys are weak; Nature tells you about it. The urine is nature's index. Infrequent or too frequent passage. Other disorders suggest kidney ills. Doan's Kidney Pills are for disordered kidneys.

Louisa people testify to their worth. J. W. Pinson Lock Ave., says: "My kidneys were weak and I suffered severely. My back ached and sharp, cutting pains lashed through the small of it. I could hardly straighten after bending over and the kidney secretions were highly colored and irregular in passage. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of the complaint and I have felt well ever since."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Pinson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Arrangements have been made for a revival meeting to be held in the M. E. Church South, Grayson, soon. Rev. L. E. McEldowney will do the preaching and the Wisdom Sisters will do the special singing. They are now in a meeting at Logan, W. Va.

Wm. Deskings, of Borderland, W. Va., has again gone to Cincinnati to investigate the cause of the death of his son who was in school there. Mr. Deskings will go before the grand jury.

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Friday, January 25, 1918.



"That old hen cackles" said Bill Butt. "To fool me she is trying; You think that she is lying, but I know that she is lying."

—Luke McLuke.

Uncle Tip Moore is able to be out again.

Louisa has been observing several eggless days lately.

F. H. Yates is able to be out after a week's illness with diphtheria.

Dr. Wroten's condition is somewhat improved. He is sitting up a part of each day.

Thermometers early Monday morning registered from 10 to 13 degrees below zero here.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Hay of lower Lock-av. has been quite sick with pneumonia.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist church met with Mrs. Monroe Adams Wednesday afternoon.

Chester Pickrell son of Milt Pickrell, has gone to Jenkins where he has accepted a position as stenographer.

G. C. Baker and family have moved into the W. N. Sullivan property on upper Main-st. Mr. Baker is the new county agent.

All West Virginia boys have been supplied with sweaters by the Red Cross in West Virginia. Socks are being knitted now.

FOR SALE:—Frame dwelling four rooms besides half story porches. Lot large enough for an extra house. Apply to NEWS office.

W. L. Skaggs and family have moved from Portsmouth, Ohio, to Louisa. He is a native of this county and has lived in Portsmouth about two years.

Owing to the illness of his wife, the Rev. J. H. Stambaugh, of Charleston, W. Va., was not here last Sunday to fill his pulpit in the Christian church.

On account of the illness of the pastor, Rev. W. A. Gaugh, there was no preaching service at the Baptist church last Sunday. Several of the members attended services at the other churches.

L 37:—Two steers; one 2 year old yellow and white, weight about 615 lbs. with short horns; one pale red, same size and age, muley. \$5.00 reward for location of each; also pay feed bill. BILL LITTLE, Webb, W. Va. f15

FOR RENT:—A combined store and dwelling with barn and field attached in a prosperous neighborhood, within half mile of two schools and within one mile of six coal operations paying out many thousands of dollars every two weeks. A rare opportunity for the right man. Address for particulars W. A. HARRIS, Nolan W. Va. f15

We should be thankful for plenty of cold water these heatless, wheatless, meatless, eggless, milkless days, because cold water is the only thing you must add to the most wonderful combination of pancake flour you have ever seen. For breakfast these nice brown cakes are delightful and digestible. Don't let somebody sell you something "just as good," because there ain't no such animal. Teco is the name of this handy healthful preparation and it is on sale at A. L. Burton's store, Louisa.



Mrs. Wm. Justice,

DEPARTMENT STORE.

Louisa,

Kentucky

PERSONAL MENTION

J. D. Ball of Neris, had business in Louisa Monday.

J. L. Hibbard of Peach Orchard, was in Louisa Saturday.

R. A. Bickel was here Wednesday on his way to Richardson.

Mr. Harry Duncan, of Huntington, was a business visitor in Louisa Wednesday.

Geo. B. Roberts was down from Roderfield, W. Va., over Sunday with his family.

Mrs. John Hays of Charley, was in Louisa Saturday, the guest of J. H. Preston.

M. L. Branham of Ft. Gay, W. Va., was in Louisa, Wednesday and called at the NEWS office.

Mrs. Chas. B. Ross and children of Ashland have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Waldeck.

Mrs. D. W. Blankenship and children have returned from a visit of several weeks in Jenkins.

Mr. John P. Gardner was here Wednesday from Salvysville. He left for Lexington and other points.

Mrs. Mollie Meek and daughter, Irma, were guests Sunday of C. J. Peters and family near Ft. Gay.

Misses Annie and Ettie Skeens have been visiting their sister, Mrs. Ben Heston at New Boston, Ohio.

Miss Matilda Wallace left Thursday morning for a visit to her sister, Mrs. J. U. Jolic, in Weston, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McDonald arrived Thursday from Oklahoma for a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Caray.

Geo. S. Billups has returned to Columbus, Ohio, after a two week visit to his mother, Mrs. Nancy Billups.

Jas H. Hatcher and family and Fred Remmel and family are here from Amherstdale W. Va., visiting relatives.

Gus Preston, a former citizen of Lawrence-co., was a business visitor here Saturday from McNeal, Boyd-co.

Mrs. W. D. O'Neal has returned from Huntington where she visited relatives and attended the Anderson revival meetings.

J. W. Hardin was in Louisa Thursday from Leez. He came down to accompany his son home who has been in Riverview hospital for treatment and is very much improved.

Mrs. Guy Atkinson of Huntington, who has been visiting relatives in Paintsville, stopped over in Louisa Thursday and is the guest of Mrs. S. J. Justice.

Mrs. Warner A. Gulle is the guest of Mrs. G. W. Atkinson. Mr. Gulle came over from Huntington Saturday and remained until Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Gulle were married in Newport recently. Mrs. Gulle being Miss Blanche Demprey.

We learn that the item in the NEWS last week about W. M. Savage being in Huntington was incorrect.

CHIEF TIE INSPECTOR—Man of experience with both switch and cross ties for railroad company. State age experience and salary expected. Write MR. RUSSELL, care Big Sandy News.

Quite a number of women of the M. E. Church South, met to sew on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. I. Ferguson. Orders for sewing can be left at A. L. Burton's store and will receive prompt attention.

LOUISA FLINCH CLUB.

The Flinch Club which had not met for several weeks, was entertained Thursday of last week by Mrs. S. J. Justice, and this week by Mrs. A. M. Hughes.

For Sale

OUR TIME,
knowledge
and experience
in the printing
business.

When you are in need of something in this line
DON'T FORGET THIS

Lindsay Artrip, of Fort Gay, was in Louisa yesterday. He is just recovering from pneumonia.

"We want no peace till we have whipped Germany and made it secure and permanent," says former Governor James B. McCreary, a Kentuckian who entered the Civil War as a private and came out a Colonel, the grandfather of an American officer in the "Rainbow Division." The right spirit and the right idea of the right kind of peace.—Courier Journal.

QUEENS RIDGE, W. VA.

The death angel has visited the home of Lanzo Wiley and claimed for its own his darling little daughter, Mabel. She was six years old. She was loved by all who knew her and she always met every one with a loving smile. All was done for little Mabel that loving hands could do to restore her back to health, but one who is stronger than we reached forth his hands and plucked the tender bud from their care and transplanted it in heaven to shine on as a bright star to beckon homeward father and mother and the two little sisters and friends that are left behind. While it seems hard to give little Mabel up, remember that Christ said, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." We know he is too wise to err and too good to do wrong, so weep not but prepare to meet your darling little girl in heaven where she and the rest of God's jewels are united to part no more and where there will be no more sickness and suffering.

The remains were laid to rest in the Grave Hill cemetery near Huntington, W. Va. A FRIEND.

GARRETT.

The school dormitory at Bosco, two miles west of here together with all its contents, was destroyed by fire last Monday morning about 9 o'clock. Every effort possible to save it was made, but to no avail. Origin of fire unknown. Estimated loss \$25,000.

A young man by the name of Kelly fell from the train a few days ago just below here and was so badly crushed that he died within a few hours.

The sudden death of Mrs. Jack Moore of Lackey, last Sunday was quite a shock to our entire county. No complaints of sickness of any sort, stout hearty and to all appearance bid fair for a long and useful life. She leaves a husband and many friends to mourn the loss.

Garrett has an excellent Sunday school now and boasts of the distinction of having the largest and best Bible Class in Floyd county. Rev. C. F. Neff is Supt. and the right man in the right place.

The Elkhorn Coal Corporation here observed strictly last Monday Fuel Administrator Garfield's orders to close business. We also observed the request on Tuesday to make it a meatless day and we all enjoy being loyal to U. S. in every way possible. Many of our young men have gone to the front, others are anxiously awaiting the next call.

Prof. Arnett, who has been the successful head of Garrett graded schools for the past six months, answered the call to arms and leaves this week for his home at Salvysville from where he goes at once to Camp Taylor.

John Ramsey of Jenkins, who has been a trusted employee of the Elkhorn Coal Corporation for the past year, also answers the call to arms and leaves at once for the service.

A coal train in passing through here last Sunday spilled an entire load of coal along the track, both sides of the giving way at the same time let the entire contents of car fall to the ground scattering it along the track for a distance of 400 yards or more. No one so far as we know was to blame.

An oil well is being put down on the opposite side of "Sweet Beaver" from the mouth of Stone Coal here. It is to be hoped a "gusher" will be struck.

The late arrival at the home of Atty. Jay Vinson and wife, William Shannon Vinson, is still doing well.

BUCKSKIN BESS.

Your Printing

If it is worth doing at all, it's worth doing well.

First classwork at all times is our motto.

Let us figure with you on your next job.

Make Money By Saving

Do it to-day. Tomorrow may be too late. \$6 to \$10 saved on Men's Suits now in our stock. Shoes in proportion.

The chance to save in Dry Goods and Ladies ready-to-wear articles is just as good at our store, because prices have gone still higher.

W. H. ADAMS,

Louisa,

Pierce's Old Stand

Kentucky.

TEACHERS

Do you know that we can take teachers and within six months qualify them to earn a bigger salary than you are now getting, and receive that salary twelve months out of the year instead of six or eight? kindly write us or pay us a visit and we will prove this assertion to you by teachers whom we have qualified.

We can take pupils who have finished the eighth grade and in about six months qualify and place them in positions where they earn a higher salary than their former teacher received.

Our Preparatory Department is planned to take anybody who is deficient in their common school education and give them a foundation for either a thorough bookkeeping or shorthand course.

PUPILS

EVERYBODY

There never was a greater demand for bookkeepers and stenographers. The government is offering from \$1,000 to \$1,200 a year. Enter any time. Tuition is payable monthly. NOW is the TIME to prepare for these positions and the PLACE to get the BEST PREPARATION in the SHORTEST TIME in the BOOTH BUSINESS SCHOOL, Huntington, W. Va. The only business school in West Va. (that owns its own building.) Restaurant and Dormitories owned by the school.

JATTIE.

Owing to bad weather Bro. Conley failed to fill his appointment at this place Sunday.

Miss Claudie Hammond has gone to Ashland to attend school.

Miss Ida Chaffin is spending a few days with her sister at Ratcliff.

Everett Kiger's smiling face was seen in our town again Sunday. Must be some attraction.

Mrs. Moron Hammond and daughter are visiting in Ashland this week.

Mrs. J. H. Hillman and Misses Sidie Hillman and Martha Thompson were the guests of Mrs. B. B. Wells Thursday.

Miss Stella Dalton spent Sunday with Miss Goldie Wilson.

Uncle Jesse Jordan of Indiana is spending a few days with relatives here before returning home.

Lowell Thompson made his usual call at Milt Watson's Sunday. He says where your treasures are there your heart is also.

Jerry McKinney has recovered from a slight case of smallpox and has left for parts unknown.

Omar Lang was here recently and purchased a fine goat of Kermit Thompson.

A. M. Watson was a business caller at Webbville Saturday.

Sophia G. Pennington was the guest of Essie Wright Sunday.

Boston Hammond filled his appointment at Polly's chapel Sunday.

Lafe Webb was a business caller at D. J. Thompson's last week.

Mrs. Milt Watson and Mrs. L. O. Perry were calling on Mrs. Dovie Young recently.

Constable J. H. Frasher and Magistrate J. H. Frasher were transacting business at Webbville Monday.

Mrs. J. F. Thompson was visiting her mother at Oliveville one day last week.

Mrs. Charley Ratcliff of Caney, was visiting Mrs. Lewis Thompson Tuesday.

Raymond Womack who has been at Portsmouth for some time, is again shaking hands with his many friends here and says Kentucky beats Ohio, especially for pretty girls.

D. J. Thompson was calling at S. W. Graham's Sunday.

Mrs. Milt Watson was visiting Mrs. James Prichard one day last week.

Virginia, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Watson, was very badly burned one day last week. She was playing around an open grate when her clothing caught fire. Mrs. Watson's hands were very badly burned trying to extinguish the flames.

Eunice Thompson spent Wednesday night with Ida B. Chaffin.

Misses Hovie E. Pinkerton, Ruth and Eunice Thompson were the guests of Mrs. Dovie Young Sunday last.

Hobart Brainard has returned from Ashland where he has been at work.

Wesley Jordan was a business caller at this place one day last week.

Charley Hillman left Monday for Logan, West Va.

Our school is progressing nicely with Miss Sophia Pennington, teacher.

Miss Martha Thompson was visiting her cousins, Ruth and Eunice Thompson Sunday.

Lafe Brumfield of Chapmansville, W. Va., was calling on Eunice and Maxine Thompson Saturday and Sunday.

Sheridan Thompson is quite homesick now days for some cause we haven't discovered.

Mrs. Harvey Hicks was shopping at this place recently.

Arthur Coffee has gone to West Va. to work.

We hope that Bro. Bowling will fill his appointment here Saturday night and Sunday.

The Paintsville Grocery company has increased its capital from \$50,000 to \$100,000.

GRIFFITH CREEK

Died, last Friday evening at his home on Griffith creek, Harvey Belcher, from that dread disease tuberculosis. He had been a great sufferer for several months and bore his suffering without a murmur. Mr. Belcher was well known throughout the valley, being associated with the timber business since his young manhood. He was 42 years old and leaves a wife and five children. He was laid to rest in the Wallace graveyard Monday afternoon.

An epidemic of colds is in our community, mostly among the little folks.

Daniel Lemaster, who was one of Lawrence county's first consignment to the national army and has been stationed at Camp Taylor, was discharged last week and has returned home. Mr. Lemaster's discharge was on account of disease of eyes. Mr. Lemaster is a model young man and went forward to service without claim for exemption.

W. G. Pennington left Tuesday for Ashland to work.

Uncle Dan Fox, who has been in doors for ten weeks with a felon, is about again.

We have had a coal famine here on account of the condition of the roads which has been a glare of ice.

Mrs. Harrison Wilson has been sick for a few days.

A well for oil is being drilled on W. S. Chapman's farm at Chapman.

We understand this morning that Mrs. Josh Crawford, who lives near the head of our creek, was stricken Monday with paralysis and is not expected to live.

Neil and John Thompson left for Williamson last Friday to work.

James Walker has the cutting and skidding contract of the Franklin timber and will begin this week to get it ready for one of the Gallup lumber company's mills which will be on the site soon.

MUTT.

NORIS.

Aunt Mary Thompson is some better at this writing.

G. V. and Ransom Pack attended church here Sunday.

Fan Newcomb is able to be out again after a short illness.

Misses Martha and Mary Moore were the guests of Della Stidham Sunday.

Mrs. Ella Thompson was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gypsy Pack, Sunday.

J. V. O'Bryan has a severe attack of larrigue.

Albert McKinster is no better.

But very few farmers in our neighborhood are done gathering corn.

Our school will close here January 29, with Charley Miller, teacher.

Mrs. Dicie Estep and Mrs. Della Spencer were shopping at Charley recently.

SNOW KING.

OSIE.

School has closed at this place for a few days on account of the illness of our teacher.

Smith Jobe, who has been much worse for the past few days, is slowly improving.

Roads are in very bad condition here and Silas Jobe has been out with his snow plow and shovel.

Garvel Kelly, while felling a tree, had the misfortune of getting hurt, but not seriously.

W. E. Kouns, a prominent salesman for the Consolidated Grocery Co., was here Monday. He is a hustling salesman and does much business through here.

Cecil Adams filled his regular appointment on Twine Sunday.

Mr. Robinson and driver, Harry Littler, were at Mrs. C. Jobe's recently.

Denver Howell and Mr. Hammond of Portsmouth, O., were on Twin Branch Monday. Mr. Howell has been absent for some years and was met with a hearty welcome by his friends of yore.

San Burton and Dennis Chaffin have gone to Midland, Pa., to seek employment.

Jessie Hays is expected home from Prichard, W. Va., soon.

Miss Maudie Burton spent Saturday with Miss Birdie Jobe.

Willie and Beckham Hughes have gone to visit their brother at Grayson for a few days.

Church at Lower Twins Saturday and Sunday. Welcome one and all.

TWO BABY DOLLS.

YATESVILLE.

A revival meeting was begun at this place on last Sunday by Bro. Lee Fuller.

School will close at this place next Friday. The attendance has been very good considering the bad weather.

Miss Hazel Stewart is visiting relatives and friends at Deep Hole this week.

Miss Dora Johns was talking on Miss Eva Bentley last Saturday.

Frank Crank is suffering with a severe pain in his eye caused by neuritis.

Burnice Blankenship was calling on friends at Teep Hole Sunday.

John Clark of Louisa made his usual trip to Yatesville Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Gypsy Blankenship was calling on Miss Kizzie Ramey Sunday.

Miss Marie Muncy is visiting relatives in Ashland.

Our Sunday school has a new superintendent as the former one, Mr. Millard Short, resigned and Mr. Jay Short was elected in his place.

Mr. and Mrs. Lige Roup were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crank last Sunday.

NOM DE I LUME.

The CORRECT TREATMENT FOR COLDS

Colds are contracted when strength is lowered and the inflammation easily develops bronchitis or lung trouble, while grippe and pneumonia frequently follow and any cold should have immediate treatment with

SCOTT'S EMULSION

The National Strength-Builder

which first builds up the forces by carrying rich nourishment to the blood streams and creates real body warmth. Its cod liver oil is the favorite of physicians for correcting bronchial disorders and chest troubles.

The imported Norwegian cod liver oil always used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which guarantees it free from impurities.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

17-19

NEWS OF THE WORLD

FRIDAY.

Fuel Administrator Garfield's drastic order restricting the use of fuel, effective at midnight last night, was promulgated shortly before 6 o'clock, within a few minutes after the Senate had adopted a resolution asking that the order be postponed for five days. When the Senate clerk arrived with the Hitchcock resolution he was told that the resolution would be given careful consideration, but that the order already was issued and would go into effect almost simultaneously with the announcement of the vote in the Senate. It had been signed and prepared for publication twenty minutes before. Virtually no substantial changes were made in the order, though some war industries specially designated will be exempted from the provision closing manufacturing plants for five days beginning today and from the Monday holidays during the next ten weeks.

Fuel Administrator Garfield, in explaining his order that all industry cease for five days declared tens of thousands of tons of vital necessities for American soldiers overseas and the Allies were loaded on ships tied up in Atlantic ports because their bunkers are empty of coal. The coal to send them on their way is waiting behind the congested freight that has jammed all terminals. Referring to that part of the order not exempting factories working on war supplies he pointed out that "It is worse than useless to bend our energies to more manufacturing when what we have manufactured lies at tide-water congested terminal facilities, jamming the railroad yards and sidetracks for long distances back into the country." "This is war! Whatever the cost we must pay, so that in the face of the enemy there can never be the reproach that we held back from our full share. Those ships laden with our supplies of food for men and food for cannon must have coal to put to sea."

The Louisville Board of Trade yesterday voted unanimously to support the Government in the order of Fuel Administrator Garfield to close industries for a five-day period and on Monday of each week for ten weeks. President Oliver presided at the largest meeting in the history of the organization. A resolution, presented by William Heyburn, president of the Belknap Hardware company, endorsing "the purpose of the President to conserve the coal supply of the country" and offering "our hearty co-operation in assisting the Fuel Administration in its efforts" was adopted without a dissenting vote.

Legislation contemplating drastic changes in the Government's war machinery, including creation of an American War Council similar to those of England and France, and a Director of Munitions, is being drafted by the Senate Military Committee.

Two British torpedo boat destroyers have been lost on the Scotch coast during a storm. Only one man of the crews was saved.

SATURDAY.

The nation's manufacturing industry in the twenty-eight States east of the Mississippi River was virtually suspended at midnight Thursday in obedience to the Government's order forbidding the use of fuel. Although most of the plants engaged on war contracts were exempted from the order's operation few received official notice from Fuel Administrator Garfield until last night and the great majority of them had closed down. Opposition to the order in Congress apparently spent itself in debate in both houses. Suggested that a railroad embargo be declared on the shipment of goods from the coast and on the movement of materials to the Atlantic seaboard were disapproved by Director McAdoo.

Its bus and being concentrated in the New York territory upon the movement of coal especially fuel for the user of war plants tied up in New York and other ports, and congestion is steadily being relieved, announced A. H. Smith, assistant director of the Fuel Administration.

to have had the plants during plants and the industrial army of 400,000 men made idle in Chicago by the sweeping order of the Fuel Administrator.

Federal Fuel Administration for the conservation of coal.

"The people must either go on or go under," was the stirring climax of an address delivered to the Trades Union of Great Britain by Premier David Lloyd George Friday in London. The Premier's address followed closely upon the passage by the House of Commons by the Manpower Bill which has as its object the raising of more men to strengthen the British fighting forces. The Premier voiced strong distrust of Germany's honesty, reverting several times to the untrustworthiness of her promises and declaring that no peace terms would be recognized by Emperor William, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Gen. von Ludendorff and the other militaristic elements unless the British had the power to enforce them.

Four men named last night by Director General McAdoo to investigate railroad wage questions are: Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of Interior; J. H. Covington, Chief Justice of the District Columbia Supreme Court; C. C. McChesney, Interstate Commerce Commissioner; and William R. Wilcox, chairman of the Republican National Committee. Mr. Wilcox announced that he had resigned as chairman of the Republican National Committee to accept service on the board. His resignation will take effect February 12.

A delegation of workers from the meat packing plants at Chicago called on President Wilson and urged that the Government take over the meat packing industry of the country. Secretary Baker, Secretary Wilson and Samuel Gompers were called into the conference. The union workers contend it is essential for the Government to control the industry because of the large number of aliens among their fellow employees.

The bill to create a War Council of three civilian members was approved by the Senate Military Committee and will be introduced in the Senate Monday. Proposals to include the Secretaries of War and Navy were defeated in the committee.

Two hours' ultimatum has been sent to the Rumanian military authorities by the Bolsheviks, demanding free passage of Russian troops through Jassy, the temporary capital of Rumania.

SUNDAY.

Great improvement in fuel famine conditions was reported to Fuel Administrator Garfield yesterday by State Fuel Administrators in twenty-eight States east of the Mississippi. It was declared that a steady flow of coal is going forward into the districts where it is most needed, and that the people were "getting warm again." Director of Railroads McAdoo issued an order placing an embargo on the use of open-top cars except for fuel. Work of bunkering ships in New York harbor will go forward throughout to-day.

Strict orders have been issued to enlisted men and officers at Camp Zachary Taylor warning them to maintain secrecy of all military activities at the cantonment. The order says: "Grave and avoidable danger to the safety of our operations is being caused by the giving of information by officers and enlisted men to members of their families, their friends and the public in general."

At a luncheon given by the National Security League in honor of Senator George E. Chamberlain, of Oregon, and Representative Julius Kahn of California both Theodore Roosevelt and Elihu Root praised the two honor guests for their efforts toward national defense, and attributed the success of the selective draft law to their ability and efforts.

In many places in England yesterday men, women and children joined in demonstrations demanding better distribution of food. Butcher shops and groceries were sold out early, and in many places thousands were waiting in the streets for the Food Committee to take some action.

Arrangements for the early transportation of 50,000 common laborers to the United States from Porto Rico are being made by the Employment Service of the Department of Labor. As soon as transport is available 60,000 others will be brought from Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

The United States Government, it was officially explained yesterday, had

no intention of casting any reflection on the good faith of Holland in commandeering 1,000 machine guns and 1,000,000 cartridges ordered in this country by the Dutch Government.

Wholesale prices for storage creamery butter at New York and Chicago were fixed at 47 and 45½ cents yesterday by the Food Administration at Washington. Corresponding prices are expected to rule throughout the country.

National advertising forces were assigned definite parts they are to take in the task of winning the war in an order issued by President Wilson creating Division of Advertising of the Committee on Public Information.

When the task of copying the names and addresses on the 175,000 food pledge cards signed by the people of Kentucky is completed permanent organization of the food supply army in this State will be completed.

Treasury officials soon will ask Congress to authorize the melting of 150,000,000 silver dollars now stored in the Treasury to supply silver bullion for export to America's allies.

Theaters and other places for amusement won their fight for an amendment to Dr. Garfield's closing order and got permission to close on Tuesdays instead of Mondays.

MONDAY.

After an adventurous career of nearly three and a half years in fighting and raiding operations in the Black Sea the famous former German cruiser Goeben and Breslau have met their fate at the hands of British warships in a fight at the entrance to the Dardanelles. The Breslau, renamed Midilli, was sunk, and the Goeben, rechristened Sultan Yavuz, Sleim, was beached. The two cruisers escaped into Turkish waters shortly after the outbreak of the war and were purchased by the Turks.

With the election in England imminent, a victory for the Labor party is freely predicted. The Laborites are expected to control the majority of seats in the House of Commons and one of the most important posts in the Cabinet. A conference has been called to meet in Nottingham to frame proposed legislation for after-the-war conditions. Among the proposed measures are the use of private surplus wealth for common good and the nationalization of lands, railroads and all public utilities.

Examining officers of the new National Army report that approximately 10 per cent. of the drafted men, as they appear in camps, are so seriously defective in mental development that they are either menaces or nuisances in military organizations. As a result of the investigations, application of the new psychological test to all enlisted men and newly appointed officers of the army has been ordered by the War Department in an effort to weed out the mentally unfit.

Individuals and business organizations must report to revenue collectors each payment of \$500 or more made during 1917 to any person or corporation. Officials estimate that between 10,000,000 and 20,000,000 returns must be made under this regulation, which replaces the provision of the old law that income taxes were to be withheld at the source, and will furnish the Government information for checking up income tax returns.

Gen. von Stein, Prussian Minister of War, in a newspaper interview is quoted as declaring that Germany is well prepared to meet America as a foe. He doubts air fighting as a decisive factor, but says much depends upon what the American engineers can do, and still more depends upon whether efficient, experienced crews can be obtained by them.

Fresh troubles are reported to have broken out throughout Austria. General strikes have occurred and in Vienna and Neustadt all the war manufacturing plants are reported to have been closed. In these towns 100,000 men are said to have quit their jobs. The movement is political and economic and has as its basis the desire for peace. Anti-Germanism is declared to be especially prevalent throughout the country.

Gen. Sir Beauchamp Dug, commander of the British forces in India from 1912 to 1916, was found dead in his bed in a West End club. Gen. Dug at the time of the Mesopotamian expedition, which ended so disastrously, was commander-in-chief of the British forces which surrendered Kut-el-Amara. Sir Beauchamp was among those blamed for the result of the expedition.

With a membership of 160,000 men in train and yard service, the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen has announced that more than 5,000 members of the organization are serving in the military forces of the nation.

MONEY IN EGGS.

Eggs are not bankable but the money from their sale is. This money is yours for the effort. How do you treat the hen that lays the Golden Eggs? R. A. Thomas' Poultry Remedy will keep the poultry in good condition and increase the yield in eggs. We guarantee this and refund your money if not satisfied. For Sale By All Good Dealers.

Down goes the price on Ladies and Children's hats. Only half price at Justice's store. 10-25-M.

AMERICAN SUGAR SENT TO FRANCE

American Price Rigidly Regulated by United States Food Administration.

CONSUMERS HERE PAY 9c.

Sugar Cost 35 Cents a Pound During Civil War—Refiners' Profits Now Curtailed.

Sugar is selling today throughout America at from 8½ to 9 cents a pound to the consumer, even though there is a world shortage which has reduced this nation's sugar allotment to 70 per cent. of normal.

Through the efforts of the United States food administration the sugar market has been regulated as far as the producer, refiner and wholesaler is concerned. The food administration has no power to regulate retail prices except by public opinion. Even though more than 85,000 tons of sugar have been shipped to France in the last four months the retail grocer's sugar price is around 8 to 8½ cents. He should sell this sugar at 8½ to 9 cents, the food administration believes, and asks the American housewife to pay no more than this amount.

Last August when the food administration was organized the price of sugar rose suddenly to 11 cents a pound. During the Civil War sugar cost the consumer 35 cents a pound. By regulation of the sugar market and reducing the price to 8½ and 9 cents and keeping it from advancing to 20 cents the food administration has saved the American public at least \$180,000,000 in four months, according to a statement made by Herbert Hoover the other day.

"It is our stern duty to feed the allies, to maintain their health and strength at any cost to ourselves," Mr. Hoover declared. "There has not been, nor will be as we see it, enough sugar for even their present meagre and depressing ration unless they send ships to remote markets for it. If we in our greed and gluttony force them either to further reduce their ration or to send these ships we will have done damage to our abilities to win this war."

"If we send the ships to Java for 250,000 tons of sugar next year we will have necessitated the employment of eleven extra ships for one year. These ships—if used in transporting troops—would take 150,000 to 200,000 men to France."

Reason for World Shortage. As Mr. Hoover pointed out, the United States, Canada and England were sugar importing countries before the war, while France and Italy were very nearly self supporting. The main sources of the world's sugar supply was Germany and neighboring powers, the West Indies and the East Indies.

German sugar is no longer available, as it is used entirely in Germany, which also absorbs sugar of surrounding countries.

England can no longer buy 1,400,000 long tons of sugar each year from Germany. The French sugar production has dropped from 750,000 to 210,000 tons. The Italian production has fallen from 210,000 tons to 75,000 tons. Thus three countries were thrown upon East and West Indian sources for 1,925,000 tons annually to maintain their normal consumption.

Because of the world's shipping shortage the allied nations started drawing on the West Indies for sugar; East Indian sugar took three times the number of ships, since the distance was three times as great. Suddenly the west was called on to furnish and did furnish 1,420,000 tons of sugar to Europe when 300,000 tons a year was the pre-war demand. The allies had drawn from Java 400,000 tons before the shipping situation became acute.

"In spite of these shipments," Mr. Hoover stated the other day, "the English government in August reduced the household sugar ration to a basis of 24 pounds per annum per capita. And in September the French government reduced their household ration to 13 2-10 pounds a year, or a bit over 1 pound of sugar a month. Even this meagre ration could not be filled by the French government it was found early in the fall. America was then asked for 100,000 tons of sugar and succeeded in sending 85,000 tons by December 1. The French request was granted because the American household consumption was then at least 55 pounds per person, and it was considered the duty of maintaining the French morale made our course clear."

Today the sugar situation may be summarized by stating that if America will reduce its sugar consumption 10 to 15 per cent. this nation will be able to send 200,000 more soldiers to France.

Sugar today sells at seaboard refineries at \$7.25 a hundred pounds. The wholesale grocer has agreed to limit his profit to 25 cents a hundred plus freight, and the retail grocer is supposed to take no more than 50 cents a hundred pounds profit. This regulation was made by the food administration, which now asks the housewife to reduce sugar consumption as much as possible, using other sweeteners, and also reminds her that she should pay no more than 9 cents a pound for sugar.

Control of Cane Refiners' Profits. "Immediately upon the establishment of the food administration," Mr.

Hoover said, "an examination was made of the costs and profits of refining and it was finally determined that the spread between the cost of raw and the sale of refined cane sugar should be limited to \$1.30 per hundred pounds. The pre-war differential had averaged about 85 cents and increased costs were found to have been imposed by the war in increased cost of refining, losses, cost of bags, labor, insurance, interest and other things, rather more than cover the difference. After prolonged negotiations the refiners were placed under agreement establishing these limits on October 1, and anything over this amount to be agreed extortionate under the law."

"In the course of these investigations it was found by canvass of the Cuban producers that their sugar had, during the first nine months of the past year, sold for an average of about \$4.24 per hundred f. o. b. Cuba, to which duty and freight added to the refiners' cost amount to about \$5.06 per hundred. The average sale price of granulated by various refineries, according to our investigation, was about \$7.50 per hundred, or a differential of \$1.84.

"In reducing the differential to \$1.30 there was a saving to the public of 54 cents per hundred. Had such a differential been in use from the 1st of January, 1917, the public would have saved in the first nine months of the year about \$24,800,000."

Next Year.

With a view to more efficient organization of the trade in imported sugars next year two committees have been formed by the food administration:

1. A committee comprising representatives of all of the elements of American cane refining groups. The principal duty of this committee is to divide the sugar imports pro rata to their various capacities and see that absolute justice is done to every refiner.

2. A committee comprising three representatives of the English, French and Italian governments; two representatives of the American refiners, with a member of the food administration. Only two of the committee have arrived from Europe, but they represent the allied governments. The duties of this committee are to determine the most economical sources from a transport point of view of all the allies to arrange transport at uniform rates, to distribute the foreign sugar between the United States and allies, subject to the approval of the American, English, French and Italian governments.

This committee, while holding strong views as to the price to be paid for Cuban sugar, has not had the final voice. This voice has rested in the governments concerned, together with the Cuban government, and I wish to state emphatically that all of the gentlemen concerned as good commercial men have endeavored with the utmost patience and skill to secure a lower price, and their persistence has reduced Cuban demands by 15 cents per hundred. The price agreed upon is about \$4.60 per hundred pounds, f. o. b. Cuba, or equal to about \$6 duty paid New York.

"This price should eventually," Mr. Hoover said, "to about \$7.30 per hundred for refined sugar from the refiners at seaboard points or should place sugar in the hands of the consumer at from 8½ to 9 cents per pound, depending upon locality and conditions of trade, or at from 1 to 2 cents below the prices of August last and from one-half to a cent per pound cheaper than today."

"There is now an elimination of speculation, extortionate profits, and in the refining alone the American people will save over \$25,000,000 of the refining charges last year. A part of these savings goes to the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican and Louisiana producer and part to the consumer."

"Appeals to prejudice against the food administration have been made because the Cuban price is 34 cents above that of 1917. It is said in effect that the Cubans are at our mercy; that we could get sugar a cent lower. We made exhaustive study of the cost of producing sugar in Cuba last year through our own agents in Cuba, and we find it averages \$3.39, while many producers are at a higher level. We found that an average profit of at least a cent per pound was necessary in order to maintain and stimulate production or that a minimum price of \$4.37 was necessary, and even this would stifle some producers."

"The price ultimately agreed was 23 cents above these figures, or about one-fifth of a cent per pound to the American consumer, and more than this amount has been saved by our reduction in refiners' profits. If we wish to stifle production in Cuba we could take that course just at the time of all times in our history when we want production for ourselves and the allies. Further than that, the state department will assure you that such a course would produce disturbances in Cuba and destroy even our present supplies, but beyond all these material reasons is one of human justice. This great country has no right by the might of its position to strangle Cuba."

"Therefore there is no imposition upon the American public. Charges have been made before this committee that Mr. Rolph endeavored to benefit the California refinery of which he was manager by this 34 cent increase in Cuban price. Mr. Rolph did not fix the price. It does raise the price to the Hawaiian farmer about that amount. It does not raise the profit of the California refinery, because their charge for refining is, like all other refiners, limited to \$1.30 per hundred pounds, plus the freight differential on the established custom of the trade. "Mr. Rolph has not one penny of interest in that refinery."

FIRE INSURANCE

I am prepared to write insurance on any insurable property in Louisiana and on all good DWELLINGS AND BARN IN THE COUNTRY. A limited number of stores not too far from Louisiana.

I have the agency for the following companies: HENRY CLAY CO. OF KY. NORTH AMERICA OF NEW YORK. WESTCHESTER OF NEW YORK.

Will appreciate any business you may give me.

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Shorthorn Cattle for Sale

We have a lot of bulls of the best of breeding suitable for heading herds. Also a number of farmers bulls priced from \$100.00 up. A few choice cows and heifers.

Herds headed by Bank Goods 287535, a red bred by M. E. Jones, Williamsville, Ill. Champions for ten generations. Lord Ripley 288563 by the \$1000.00 Lord Albin out of Imp. Lord 188 and Cleveland Favorite 497574, a superb specimen of the famous Max-watson Sultan.

Visit the herds and see for yourself before buying. HOLTON CATTLE CO., Trinity, Ky.

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GLENWOOD KY.

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THREE PURE-BLOOD SHORTHORN CALVES, MALES FOR SALE. THE SAME THREE ARE ON EXHIBITION AT THE COUNTY FAIR AT LOUISIANA. TO ANYBODY WISHING

TO BUY WE WILL MAKE THE PRICE RIGHT. COME AND SEE THE STOCK. REGISTRATION PAPERS FURNISHED

"The Smell of Printer's Ink Is Music to My Ears," Says the Successful Merchant. Mixed Metaphor, but Good From an Ad. Standpoint.

THE LOUISA GARAGE CO.

Now is prepared to do all kinds of repair work on automobiles. Wm. Barram, who has had 5 years experience in one of the largest garages in Pittsburg, Pa., has charge of the repair department and will do your work in first class manner. Charges reasonable. While the weather is bad is a good time to have your cars overhauled.

Hats, Ladies and Misses, all the new styles for fall and winter, suits, coats and one piece dresses. A large line of shoes now on display at Justice's store.

FOR SALE:—One 1916 model Maxwell touring car in good condition. Apply at Louisa Garage.

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HELP NATURE TO DEFEAT THE DISEASE IN YOUR BODY.

Keep up the fight; do not give up. Nature is trying to serve you in conquering the wrongs that may exist.

Red blood, vim, courage, vitality, all seem lacking. No wonder, you are nervous and discouraged.

Why not call to your aid a strong, dependable ally? Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has for nearly fifty years proven its merits as a most powerful tonic and blood builder to the many thousands who have been returned to good health by its use.

Clear the coated tongue, get rid of unsightly skin trouble. Let this remarkable remedy rid your body of the impurities of the blood, let it tone and strengthen you. It often cures the lingering chronic cough.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is absolutely a herbal tonic, free from alcohol or dangerous habit-forming drugs. All druggists. Liquid or tablets.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—"This is to certify that I have been in bad health for a long time, suffering from stomach trouble. Had terrible spells of indigestion and sour stomach. A friend told me about Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I had little faith at first but she persuaded me to try it. I have taken a little over four bottles of it and my stomach trouble has vanished. I can now eat everything and sleep like a lamb. I want to give all of the credit to this great medicine, which I consider the best on earth for stomach trouble."—T. T. LAYTON, Route 9, Box 28, Berry Blv.

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WANT RAW FURS.

We are agents for big factory. Want furs to make caps for boys across the water. The factory has caps sold at \$3. That is why we can pay so high for pelts. Muskrat, dark, 45c; brown 40c; opossum, dark, winter well fur, 35c and 30c; 3d grade 30c; third 35c. Seal, beaver and muskrat hides by parcel post or mail carrier. We pay charges. If not satisfactory we return same at our expense, both ways. Trappers and hunters, if you don't sell us you lose honest deal. We have over 300 customers. We are sick ducks and on the job every day. On furs and eggs we lead in prices.

We want all the country hams you can bring. You can't overstock us. 25c in groceries, shoulders 20c lb. Dressed hams, head and feet off, 32c per hundred. High patent flour.

We pay cash for all furs much above value. Calf hides, 3 weeks old, 34c lb. Cow hides \$14 cash if weight is in hide. B's Norma No. 1 1900 lb horse hide \$5.50.

When a good man is in business stand by him. All the farmers are reaping good harvest and we buy everything in quantities.

We sell high grade fancy up to date groceries cheaper than anyone. We sell best coffee. We buy corn and sell meal. We are little people and have five stores. We want new sorghum at 65c and 70c gallon in barrel lots, pay in groceries.

BIG BLAINE PRODUCE CO.
H. J. PACK, Manager,
Blaine, Kentucky

BOARD FOR STUDENTS—We board pupils at \$4 a week. J. H. HAYES, Lock-av. Jan-6-pd

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME DEALER

STAR PIANOS,
PLAYER PIANOS,
STAR PHONOGRAPHS,
ARE SOLD BY ME THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE BIG SANDY VALLEY. WRITE FOR PRICES AND TERMS.
ELIJAH B. BROWN,
HENRIETTA, KY.

Wood's Seeds
—For 1918—

The patriotic duty of farmers and gardeners everywhere is to increase crop and food production. Intensive farming and gardening, and the liberal use of fertilizers, together with proper rotation of crops, so as to increase and improve the fertility and productivity of the land, are all vital and necessary considerations at the present time.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog For 1918 gives the fullest and most up-to-date information in regard to all

Farm and Garden Seeds

And tells about the best crops to grow, both for profit and home use. Write for Catalog and prices of Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, or any Farm Seeds Required. Catalog Mailed Free On Request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
SEEDSMEN, Richmond, Va.

ONE DOSE RELIEVES

A COLD---NO QUININE

"PAPE'S COLD COMPOUND" ENDS
BAD COLDS OR GRIPPE IN
A FEW HOURS.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs. It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness. Don't stay stuffed up! Quit blowing and snuffing! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

FALLSBURG.

Bro. Conley preached a very interesting sermon here Sunday morning. Our school is coming rather slow on account of much bad weather.

Rumor says wedding bells will ring again in Fallsburg soon. Miss Eliza Hutchison was the Sunday guest of her sister, Mrs. George Norris.

The sick of our community are no better.

Uncle Columbus Crank is very sick. Mrs. Tack Short and little daughter, Garnet, contemplate a trip to friends at Yatesville soon.

Chas. Diamond was again seen at James Casey's Sunday.

Maud Green was in town Saturday. We are expecting Rev. Bostwick of Louisville to assist us in our Red Cross work here.

Bolt Drilling company has moved to Chapman where they will begin a well soon as machinery is ready.

Jessie Chaffins was the Sunday guest of the Casey girls.

Willie Savage was at Yatesville Sunday and said cold weather didn't keep him away.

Join the Red Cross and help Uncle Sam.

Mrs. Willie Maddy was in Louisa Monday on business. X. Y. Z.

HULETTE.

School will close at this place Friday the 25th with Miss Gussie O'Daniel teacher.

Born, on the 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Workman, a boy.

A. H. Nunley had the misfortune to lose his milk cow recently.

Wm. O'Daniel's old family horse died last week at the age of thirty-two years. Mr. O'Daniel had owned him for twenty-seven years.

Miss Dora Burton, of Huntington, who has been attending school at this place returned home last week.

Lon Nunley of Portsmouth, has been visiting relatives here for two weeks.

D. A. O'Daniel was visiting his daughter, Mrs. Jennie Burton at Huntington, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey Nunley were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sam Poe Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Moore were visiting home folks at Mt. Zion Sunday.

Misses Amy O'Daniel and Bertha Wooten were visiting on Bear creek Sunday.

W. D. Queen was visiting his mother at Bolts Fork Sunday, who is very sick.

Miss Zora O'Daniel was visiting at this place Saturday and Sunday.

DAN PATCH.

The Volunteer.

A volunteer from Louisa who is stationed at Camp Green, N. C., sends the following for publication:

Why didn't I wait to be drafted And be led to the train by a band. And put in a claim for exemption. Oh, why did I hold up my hand? Why didn't I wait for the banquet? Why didn't I wait to be cheered? For the drafted men get the credit—While I merely volunteered.

And nobody gave me a banquet. And nobody said a kind word; The grind of the wheels of the engine Was all the goodbye that I heard. Then off to the camp I was hustled, To be trained for the next half year; And then in the shuffle forgotten—I was only a volunteer.

And maybe some day in the future, When my little boy sits on my knee And asks what I did in the conflict, And his little eyes look up to me. Will have to look back as I'm blushing To the eyes that so lovingly peer, And tell him I missed being drafted—It was only a volunteer.

**AMERICAN DENTIST
BACK FROM BERLIN**

"WHEN TEUTON ARMIES ARE
DRIVEN TO RHINE GERMAN
WILL SETTLE KAISER!"

Flint, Mich., January 12.—Dr. William Law, one of the latest Americans to reach the United States from Germany, brings a picture of acute distress throughout that country.

He says the food shortage is likely to force an end to the war the coming summer and he believes a democracy in Germany will come as a result of peace.

Law for 13 years has been a practicing dentist in Berlin, having as clients many of the junker class. He left the Kaiser's capital October 23, but was obliged to remain in Norway and Denmark seven weeks before securing passage for his home here.

His story of recent conditions in Germany is one of the most intimate to reach the United States. His views summarized are:

"The Prussian autocracy fights to conquer because it fears the wrath of the people."

"Soldiers and the people are tired of war but seem powerless now to stop it. Militarists are concentrating all energies on the western front drive before America can strike a telling blow."

"Socialists are growing in power, but to date they want a German-made peace."

"The junker class holds that Germany must fight until victory."

"The German democracy must come as a result of peace, not as a cause leading up to it."

"Crops, which have been a failure the past two years may result in a food famine in May and June, and this may bring peace this summer."

"The Prussian dynasty," says Dr. Law, "is in the war to win and conquer. They will die fighting before they will yield an inch. They know if they make anything but a victorious peace they will perish for the people would dispose of them quickly, once they knew they had been betrayed."

"The people, too, are thoroughly imbued with the war spirit and although one hears the soldiers scolding amongst themselves against their government and other governments, too, they have no intention of starting a revolution at home. They must be thoroughly whipped before a satisfactory peace can be arranged."

"The Socialists are very powerful and have grown materially since 1914. They desire and work very hard for peace, yet it is a German peace they desire."

"The war is destroying Germany and her allies and if it should continue two or three years more they know that utter ruin must be faced."

"The soldiers as well as the population at home are heartily tired of the war but they are powerless yet to stop it."

"The German government controls the entire press keeps the people in line by promising them peace."

"The Prussian government never has made any real peace proposal, for its terms of peace are the terms of victory. The proposals they have made are all based on the present status of the German army—upon how much land they have taken."

"Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has kept up the morale of the junkers by promising victory, but when the army begins to weaken the power of Von Hindenburg will break and when the Teuton armies are driven back to the Rhine the German will settle with his overlords."

"The German democracy must come as a result of peace rather than a cause leading up to it."

"Germany has set aside every interest except that of winning the war. The government controls everything and portions it out to civil population by the card system, with fixed prices. Notwithstanding this, enormous quantities of food are bought and sold by the profiteers for which he pays as much as he can. Germany is honey-combed by the most gigantic system of graft that every existed."

"The food supply of the central powers will carry them thru to next spring by greatly reducing their rations. From May until June the times will be very hard. Should the crops again fail the war probably will end the coming summer, for there will not be enough food for the people. I greatly doubt if the soldiers will fight when they know the people at home are dying of starvation."

"Summing it all up, the German soldier looks fine and is well taken care of but the rest of the country looks like the devil."



At the Front
POPULAR MECHANICS

MAGAZINE

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WHY HE'S THANKFUL.

I am thankful
For a tankful
Of good food three times a day.
I am thankful
That starvation
Hasn't come around my way.
I am thankful
For the codfish
That somehow, I always get
Hi Costofiving's humping.
But he hasn't liked me—
Yet
I am thankful
For a bumper crop
Of fine and robust health.
I am thankful I don't have to
Lug around
A lot of wealth.
I am thankful
For my freedom
Yes, I am a lucky mug
Many men no worse
Than I am
Am reclining in the jug.
I am thankful for
My friendships
And the charity of man.
But, above all else,
I am thankful
That I'm an American.
Any Yank who can't
Be thankful
And is cast down in the dumps
Is a fl'ver
Is a bonehead,
And the champ of all the chumps.
—R. K. MOULTON, in Cynthia
Democrat

**SPRAINS! RUB PAINS
AND SWELLING AWAY**

DON'T SUFFER! GO ABOUT YOUR
DUTIES—RELIEF COMES THE
MOMENT YOU APPLY
"ST. JACOBS LIN-
IMENT."

Don't stay crippled! Rub this soothing, penetrating liniment right into the sprain, ache or strain, and out comes pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling. Nothing else penetrates, heals and strengthens the injured muscles, nerves, tendons and ligaments so promptly. It doesn't burn or discolor the skin and can not cause injury. Don't suffer. Get a small trial bottle from any drug store now—limber up! Rub the misery right out. A moment after "St. Jacobs Liniment" is applied you can not feel the slightest pain or soreness, and you can go about your regular duties. "St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain. It has been used effectively for sprains, strains, soreness and stiffness for 60 years—six gold medal awards.

Sergeant Sam J. Ferguson, 315 Field Artillery, battery C, one of the sixty-eight drafted men of West Virginia to be admitted to the third officers training camp, was formerly a baseball pitcher at Marshall College. He is from Wayne, W. Va.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Have been built and actually delivered to retail buyers since August 1, 1916. These figures—220,317—represent the actual number of cars manufactured by us since August 1st 1916, and delivered by our agents to retail buyers. This unusual fall and winter demand for FORD cars makes it necessary for us to confine the distribution of cars only to those agents who have orders for immediate delivery to retail customers, rather than to permit any agent to stock cars in anticipation of later spring sales. We are issuing this notice to intending buyers that they may protect themselves against delay or disappointment in securing FORD cars. If, therefore, you are planning to purchase a FORD car, we advise you to place your order and take delivery now.

**IMMEDIATE ORDERS WILL HAVE
PROMPT ATTENTION.**

Delay in buying at this time may cause you to wait several months. Enter your order to-day for immediate delivery with our authorized FORD agent listed below and don't be disappointed later on.

PRICES:

Runabout \$345, Touring Car, 380, Couplet \$505
Town Car \$595, Sedan \$645, f. o. b. Detroit.

Augustus Snyder, LOUISA KY

Agent for all of Lawrence county except a small portion on north side, and also agent for Fort Gay district, Wayne county, West Va.

DR. A. H. EDWARDS

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and fitting of glasses. Dr. Edwards spent three years in the eye, ear, nose and throat hospitals of Europe. In active practice twenty years. Second National Bank Building, Ashland, Kentucky.

THE HEN THAT LAYS

is the hen that pays. If she does not lay, kill her, but before you kill her give her E. A. Whem's Poultry Remedy twice a day for a week, and then you will not kill her for she will be paying you a profit. It not only makes hens lay but it is a remedy for Cholera, Roup, and Gapes. We guarantee it to cure or we refund your money. "For Sale By All Good Dealers." 1-1-2mo.

BLANK DEEDS, MORTGAGES, OIL AND GAS LEASES FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

REAL ESTATE:—If you think of buying property in or near Ashland, write to L. M. COFFEY, Ashland, Ky.

REAL ESTATE

J. P. GARTIN, Louisa, Ky.
General Dealer.

I buy and sell Real Estate of all kinds. Also, will handle property on commission. If you want to buy or sell town or country property, call on me.

FOR SALE.

A farm of over 1200 acres, fronting on Tag river for nearly two miles, in Lawrence county, Ky., opposite Webb station on N. & W. R. R. Fine river bottom, creek and hill lands, including all mineral. Large amount easily cleared and cultivatable. Title good. Address FRED W. WALKER, Woods.

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Company.**

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**CLEAN
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Your Home Co.

"HONESTLY"
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Keeping Yourself Well

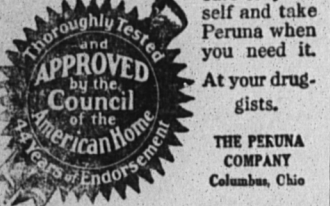
Run Down, Aching

people need a good tonic that will send the blood tingling through the body, enrich it by improving the digestion, and clean it by expelling the waste matter. Health is a matter of plenty of rich blood, free from impurities.

PERUNA

dispels inflammation of the blood making organs, -the digestion-gives tone and "pep" to the membranes that line the lungs and the digestive tract, and invigorates the entire system.

You can have health if you take care of yourself and take Peruna when you need it.



THE PERUNA COMPANY
Columbus, Ohio

Catlettsburg Items

Very Ill.

Capt. Rector Vaughan, one of our venerable and much loved citizens, is seriously ill at the Emerick home and grave apprehensions are felt as to his condition.

Corporal Cline Here.

Corporal Thomas Cline of Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., who failed to get permission to spend the Christmas vacation with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Isaiah Cline here, is now here on a seven days furlough for a visit to them. He was joined while on route here at Dayton, Ky., by his bride, who was Miss Vivian Swartz of that city.

Gets One Year.

Frank Brannan, who shot and seriously wounded Purl Howell, was found guilty and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary at Frankfort. Brannan, who made his get away from the jail recently and who has not been apprehended.

Literary Club.

The Woman's Literary Club will be received Saturday afternoon by Miss Lida Brown at her home. Miss Brown, one of our most popular ladies, has been somewhat shut in this winter on account of an injured wrist and has not attended the past few club meetings, hence the ladies will be most delighted to be with her again.

Birthday Party.

Invitations were sent out by Miss Carrie Pigz to her little friends announcing a birthday party for the afternoon of January 19.

Pasted Through.

Mrs. Lida Heller and Miss Mary Auxier, who were delegates to the Food Conservation Convention at Louisville, passed through returning to their homes at Pikeville.

Improved From a Cold.

Hon. L. T. Everett, who has been suffering from a near attack of la grippe is now much improved.

Visiting Parents.

Frank Adams of the Walden Coal company, Emma, Ky., is here for a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Adams of the South Side.

Birthday Party

Miss Carrie Pigz, charming young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Pigz, celebrated her 12th birthday Saturday afternoon, by entertaining a large number of little friends among the girls and boys from two to five o'clock. Many games were played and the young company had a merry time of it after which tempting refreshments of ice cream and cake was served. Many pretty remembrances were left with this charming young hostess.

Delightful Service.

Rev. W. H. Foglesong of Emmanuel M. E. Church South of Huntington filled Rev. A. P. Keyser's pulpit at the M. E. Church South here Sunday morning his text being from Mark 1:17 "And Jesus Said Unto Them, Come Ye After Me and I Will Make you to Become Fishers of Men." There was a fine congregation to hear this very splendid sermon. Rev. Mr. Keyser was unable to come to the church for the evening service, consequently there was no service. Rev. Mr. Keyser is a very strong and able preacher and is much loved by his parishioners.

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LETCHER COUNTY

Whitesburg, Ky., Jan. 23.—At Cumberland river, Letcher-Harlan border sought of here, William Callahan and John Cody, young men fought a duel a few days ago over a woman, killing each other. It is said both young men claimed the hand of a young woman of that section and after she consented to take another they concluded to fight a duel to death. The arrangement was successfully carried out.

Mrs. Elizabeth Panks, aged about 25, the daughter of Judge H. B. Pranson of Indian Bottom in this county, was struck by a south bound L. & N. train while walking along the road near Blackey and received injuries from which she died within a few hours.

A few days ago a small piece of land lying along Caudill's Branch below here was sold into town lots for something over \$10,000. Not many years ago the identical piece of land was sold for an old-fashioned rifle and a cow. This is proof of the big increase in mountain lands within recent years.

Mrs. Roy Lewis, aged about 20, young married woman of Colly creek, this county, died after a brief illness from injuries received in a fall while walking on the frozen ground near her home. She leaves a husband, father, mother and several brothers and sisters.

At Lester, on Camp Branch creek west of here, Blaine Crase postmaster at Lester and one of the county's best known young men died after an extended illness of tuberculosis. He leaves a wife, a mother and other near relatives.

Clayton Campbell and Frank Hubbell, colored, of Whitesburg, were arrested by County Judge Samuel Collins on charges of bootlegging whiskey in the town. Immediate justice was meted out to them, the former being given a \$200 fine and 20 days in jail, the latter \$100 and 20 days in jail. Judge Collins is determined that the whiskey evils must go. Of the ten men confined in the county jail charged with murder eight of them can be traced directly to whiskey and its influences.

Being unable to obtain a special judge to convene the Letcher Circuit Court last week the term was continued until some time in next month, when a special term will be ordered.

GLENHYES, W. VA.

Mr. George McReynolds and Mrs. George McReynolds were in Louisa, Ky., Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Lou Frazier and Mrs. Nan Crum were in Louisa Saturday and Sunday.

Ed Brannan was shopping in Glenhays Saturday.

We are glad to say the sick of our community are improving.

Jas Pruett was visiting the sick Mr. Jas. Farra Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Flora York of Glenhays, has gone to stay in the Kessler hospital in Huntington, W. Va.

Rush Frazier was visiting Jas. Pruett Saturday.

Mrs. Robert Dillon and daughter were visiting their grandmother the latter part of the week.

G. W. Hitchcock was at Jas. Pruett's Saturday.

Mrs. G. C. Ratcliff of Glenhays, was visiting her father, who is on the sick list.

Jesse Pinson, the night pumper of Glenhays was visiting Jas. Farra Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. McCubin attended the funeral of J. Y. York.

Miss Estell York has gone to Williamson to live with her brother.

We were sorry to hear of the death of J. Y. York.

Charles Derfeld, who was brought home sick from Spriggs W. Va., is now improving.

Mr. and Mrs. McKinley Maynard returned to their home Tuesday at Lost creek, W. Va.

John Damron of Clifton had the misfortune to get his foot broken by a mule falling on him Saturday.

W. D. Frazier was visiting James Pruett Sunday.

R. C. Williamson has moved into the house vacated by G. C. Ratcliff.

J. Maynard moved into the house vacated by Winfield Maynard at Glenhays, W. Va.

Nancy Farra was visiting Miss Lisle New Saturday.

Alex. Hitchcock of Naugatuck and Jesse Pinson are the pumpers at Glenhays.

Miss Sparks was shopping in Glenhays Saturday.

RED ROSE.

Pikeville Items

Heatless Day.

The first heatless Monday was very quietly observed here, all business houses being closed. An unusually large number of people were seen on the streets during the day, but there was not heard a single complaint about the fuel administrator's order.

Returned From Snowville.

Mrs. W. Dee Sutton returned from Snowville, Va., Friday having been called there by the serious illness of her father Mr. W. H. Bishop.

Vanover-Williams.

The many friends of Miss Florence Vanover were surprised to learn of her marriage on Saturday night to Mr. Williams, a traveling salesman. Mrs. Williams is the attractive young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Vanover.

Called By Death.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Evans have returned home from Pennsylvania where they were called by the death of Mr. Evans' father. They were accompanied home by Mr. Evans' mother, who will remain with them for a few months.

Mr. Call III.

Mr. J. W. Call, one of the city's most prominent business men, has been quite ill for several days at his home on College-st.

Visited Parents.

Mrs. Chester Brown of Cincinnati, has returned home after a visit of several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Call, Mr. Brown is with the American Expeditionary Forces somewhere in France.

In Ashland.

Mr. W. G. Fleu attended to business matters in Ashland Monday and Tuesday.

Preached At Elkhorn City.

Rev. J. Russell Crawford of the Presbyterian church, preached at morning and evening services in Elkhorn City Sunday. His pulpit here was filled by Dr. Jas. P. Record of Pikeville college.

To Teach In Pikeville College.

Mr. Paul Record has returned to Pikeville to take charge of the classes of Pikeville college formerly taught by Alfred B. Buggs, who is now a student in the Medical Department of the University of Chicago subject to call to the Medical Reserve of the United States army.

Returns To Washington City.

Miss Louise Wimsatt, who has been for several weeks the attractive guest of Mrs. Jas. D. Francis returned Friday to her home in Washington, D. C.

Miss Sowards Entertains.

Miss Elizabeth Sowards very pleasantly entertained the members of the Elkhorn Chapter of the Camp Fire Girls at her beautiful home on Fourth street Saturday night. Many enjoyable games were played and the evening passed all too quickly. At a late hour delicious refreshments were served. Miss Josephine Bowles remained as the overnight guest of Miss Sowards.

In Honor Of Mrs. Thomas.

Misses E. Adele Tackaberry, Ross Lou Dittie, Hester Newberry and Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Trivette were guests of Miss Ethel Francis on Thursday evening in honor of Mrs. Evan Thomas of Childersville, W. Va. Several very interesting games of Hook and Polyanas were played, after which cheese dreams and coffee were served.

Local And Personal.

Mrs. J. E. Ratcliff and children are the guests of Mrs. Ratcliff's parents at Regina for two weeks.

Mr. D. R. Coleman of Regina, has been a prominent visitor in town this week.

Mr. J. C. Gillis of El Paso and Cleveland, superintendent of all the McKinley Steel Corporation interests, is here looking after their new operation at Wolfpit.

Kenneth Mitchell and C. E. Kaley were business visitors from Wolfpit Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Miller have as their guest Mr. Richard Miller of Norfolk.

Mrs. Clarence Polley of Wolfpit, was the guest of her sister, M. C. Justice Friday.

Mrs. J. M. Robinson had as her attractive guest Saturday, Mrs. Clyde Childress of Regina.

Mrs. Charles R. Fuller and children of Huntington, are the pleasant guests of Mrs. Fuller's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Monroe Roberson.

H. S. Adkins of Esco is a prominent coal man in town this week.

George Kendrick was here Wednesday to see his daughter, Miss Lenora who is here attending school.

Ollie May of John, a prominent farmer and cattle dealer, spent Tuesday here looking after business interests.

Ben F. Johnson was a visitor here from Etty Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Stout of Norton, Va., is the attractive visitor of Mrs. Joe Tyler.

John B. Leslie of Lower Johns creek, was a business visitor here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Berna R. Ratcliff has accepted a lucrative position as bookkeeper for Rogers Bros. Coal Co.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Call were guests of Dr. A. S. Reese for dinner at the Pike Sunday.

Miss Helen Record is able to be out again after an illness of several days.

R. L. Sparks of Pond creek, was here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Durand Tackett of Virgie, were visitors here Monday and Tuesday.

RECIPE FOR GERMAN KULTUR.

Take a bit of Turkey and roll it in crumbled cathedrals. When this is sizzling well add a lot of wild oats, drop in large quantities of peached property and scrambled retreats. Break an egg in it and stir with cold steel. Add enough blood to give the proper thickness, turn on the gas and heat the whole red-hot with liquid fire. When it is done, garnish with cracked hearts and drop bombs on and you have a dish fit for William and other Hungry people.—Harvard Lampoon.

Prestonsburg Items

Meetings Closed.

Rev. E. N. Hart has closed his meetings at the Presbyterian church. The revival of some two weeks made a fine impression on the entire town and doubtless increased and strengthened his own membership greatly. His assistant, Mr. J. D. Hamilton, of Inez, Ky., won many friends with his violin and good singing.

Taken To Hospital.

Mr. Joel C. Martin, our genial and efficient jailer, has gone to Louisville to a hospital for treatment. He has been in poor health for several months and a few weeks ago suffered, what seems to have been a slight stroke of paralysis which for a time affected one side and his speech also. He has partly recovered from this, but decided to go to a good sanatorium for treatment. Post.

Called To Camp Taylor.

W. R. Harris of Brandy Keg, was called to Camp Taylor Saturday on account of the serious illness of his son George, who has pneumonia.

Moves In To New Home.

W. S. Wells moved into his handsome new home just completed on Second street. This is one of Prestonsburg's most modern homes with heat, water and lights and furnished with handsome furniture throughout.

Arthur Archer Moves.

Arthur Archer moved into the property just vacated by W. S. Wells on upper Third street.

Beaver Valley Dormitory Burns.

The new dormitory at Bevo, burned Wednesday morning about 9 o'clock. This is a new building just built at a cost of about thirty-five hundred dollars, and it would accommodate about fifty or sixty students. The fire is supposed to have originated from an overheated gas stove. Loss partially covered by insurance.

B. & O. Hauls Coal.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad recently completed up left Beaver has agreed to begin hauling coal on February the first from the mines along the route. There are fourteen operations along said line which will be ready for shipping as soon as the railroad will receive it. This road has opened one of the richest coal fields in this section of the State.

Mr. Friend Improving.

H. H. Fitzpatrick returns from Cincinnati where he was called to the bedside of his brother-in-law, H. P. Friend. Mr. Friend is much better, his many friends are glad to learn.

Local And Personal.

Mrs. Stephen Pieratt is here from Mt. Sterling, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. N. M. White Jr.

E. A. Stumbo left Monday morning for Weersburg where he has accepted a position with the Elkhorn Finery Mining company.

G. W. Lavin, the stock dealer of Dwaik, was here Wednesday.

G. C. Roberts of Alpharetta was in town Wednesday.

Wm. Arnett and wife of Brainard, Ky. were visitors here Tuesday.

Squire John Hatcher of Dotson was here Wednesday on business.

H. H. Hubbard of Elkhorn City is the guest of his son, Grade Hubbard.

Mrs. W. Zuendorf is home after several weeks in a hospital in Cincinnati, much improved, her many friends are glad to note.

Jesse T. Cornell is home from school at Bedford City, Va.

Cook Geiger of Paintsville was a business caller in the city this week.

Mrs. J. D. Smith is reported on the sick list.

H. P. Patton is in Pikeville this week on business.

W. R. Jilison is in Chicago on business.

C. E. Friend of Putnam, Va. was here the guest of his family Monday.

Samp Johnson of Auxier, Ky., was a business caller Wednesday.

Jonas Collins of Garrett was in the city Wednesday.

The Red Cross held their regular weekly meeting Friday in Mr. McVey's office and quite a bit of work was accomplished.

Rev. Wm. Nesbitt and wife of McCoy, Ky., is here the guest of their daughter, Mrs. Jeff Brown.

All business houses, offices and public places were closed Monday as per order of the fuel administrator.

Paintsville Items

Aged And Good Citizen Dead.

Uncle Payne Patrick an aged and respected citizen of this county died at his home at Riceville, Mr. Patrick is said to have been the oldest man in the county at the time of his death. He was 96 years old.

Death Claims Another Good Man.

Uncle Hendonson Cardie an aged and good citizen of this county, died at his home at Davisville. Mr. Cardie had been in bad health for a number of years and his death came as no surprise to his family. He was probably one of the best known men of the county and his friends were numbered by his acquaintances. He leaves to mourn his loss, a widow, three daughters and two sons and a host of friends.

Mrs. Paul Frazier Sworn In As Court Stenographer.

Mrs. Eula Frazier was sworn in Monday as the official court stenographer to succeed Miss Maud Sinton, who recently resigned. Mrs. Frazier has served as court stenographer here before and is considered as one of the most efficient stenographers in the Sandy valley.—Post.

Return 7 empty Golden Dream cans with lids to your grocer and get a one-pound can of Golden Dream coffee free. Which is equal to a saving of 5 cents per pound. BETTERTON-RUPERT COFFEE CO. 1-18-17.

Arrangements for the early transportation of 5,000 common laborers to the United States from Porto Rico are being made by the Employment Service of the Department of Labor. As soon as passage is available 60,000 others will be brought from Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

HOW PERSHING GOT INTO ARMY

Newspaper Article Leads Him to Seek Admittance to West Point.

SISTER TELLS OF HIS YOUTH

Kept Appointment to Academy Secret From Family—Head of Expeditionary Force Was of Quiet, Serious Temperament as Boy.

Lincoln, Neb.—It was a newspaper article which diverted John J. Pershing from his purpose to become a school-teacher and started him upon the military career which led to his appointment as general in the United States army and commander of the American expeditionary force in France. The story is told by General Pershing's sister, Mrs. Butler and Miss May Pershing, who are residents of Lincoln.

It was while General Pershing and his sister, now Mrs. Butler, were attending the Missouri State Normal school at Kirksville, Mo., that his attention one day was called to newspaper announcement that examinations were to be held for appointment to the West Point Military academy. Young Pershing asked his sister's advice as to whether he should try for the appointment and she advised him to do so. Then followed a short season of intensive study in preparation.

In a few days he was called before the examining board and, although improperly prepared, received the highest mark among the contestants and soon afterward was notified of his appointment. Up to this time his action



Gen. John J. Pershing.

had been a secret between his sister and himself and it remained so until he was ready to start for West Point.

Assumed Responsibility Early. As a boy General Pershing, his sisters say, was of a quiet, serious temperament, assuming, as the oldest of six children, many of the responsibilities of the family.

"John," Mrs. Butler said, "although of a quiet disposition, liked a good time and enjoyed fun as much as anyone. Yet when he started anything he wanted to get the result, and he generally attained that object before he gave it up."

After having been graduated from West Point and having served with General Miles in a campaign in New Mexico against the Indian chief Geronimo, Pershing was stationed as military instructor at the University of Nebraska. His friends there remember him as a fun-loving young man, who enjoyed music and dancing, parties and other social activities and who appreciated a good joke.

"Old Jack Best," the veteran trainer at the university, remembered Pershing intimately. "He was one of the finest men that I ever worked with," said Mr. Best. "It's true he was mighty strict with his work, but the results he got were so good that everybody he worked with loved him for it. When he was here we had a regiment the university could be proud of."

"Usually he was mighty dignified in his work, but he had a way of getting next to new men," continued Mr. Best. "The first time I ever saw him he walked right up to me, slapped me on the shoulder and said: 'Well, Jack, they tell me you got along mighty well with my predecessor. If you did, I am darned sure we'll get along just as well.'"

General Fond of Gardening.

"The boys at the university got a surprise the first day Pershing drilled them," said Mr. Best. "It had been their habit before that time to come to drill with shoes blackened or not, just as they pleased. When Pershing took hold the first thing he looked at was to see that all shoes were well blacked and that the heels looked as good as the toes. He was just that thorough-going in everything all the time. He was A1 in every way, and you can ask anyone who knew him if that isn't the gospel truth."

Odd as it may seem in a fighting man, General Pershing's one fad, according to his sisters, is gardening. His father was an expert gardener, and the taste descended to the military man. Whenever he was on leave he immediately would don working clothes and go into his father's garden seemingly enjoying the work over the vegetables as much as he enjoyed social activities.

TO DO RELIEF WORK

Red Cross Trains Women for Civilian Service.

Series of Institutes in Home Science to Fit Them as Social Service Workers.

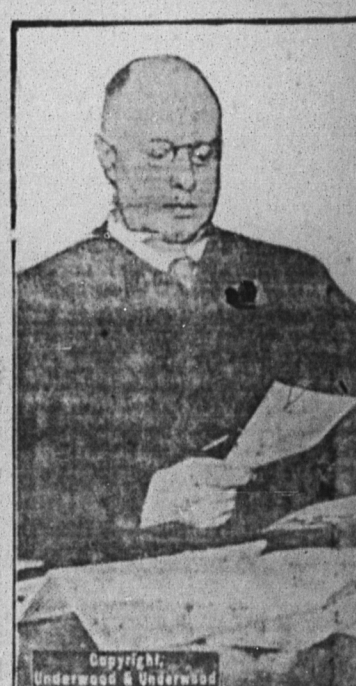
Washington.—Scientific training and efficient service are the keystones of the civilian relief work which has just been inaugurated throughout the country by the American Red Cross. Contrary to the popular belief that most of the Red Cross is being done by untrained volunteer workers, the latest venture of the organization is characterized by a series of institutes in home science for the purpose of training women to do social service work among the families of our fighting men.

"Financial aid for the families of our soldiers and sailors is only a small part of the problem which these families will have to face," said Mrs. Walter S. Ufford, head of the District of Columbia Civilian Relief department of the Red Cross. "There is an urgent need for trained community workers who can analyze the problem of the families to be served and bring them into touch with the community resources which can help to strengthen family life. Trained workers will be required to cope with the abnormal situation in which the war has placed the wives and children of the men at the front."

The Red Cross institutes consist of a six weeks' course which follows a syllabus prepared by Porter Lee of the New York School of Philanthropy.

Particular emphasis is placed by Mrs. Ufford upon the value of the work outlined in the syllabus, not only to relieve the stress of war difficulties, but to meet the needs of reconstruction that is to follow the war. Only through scientific effort, Mrs. Ufford believes, can an adequate attempt be made to readjust the economic and social relationships when disabled soldiers and sailors come back from the front.

INVENTOR OF THE TANK



Sir William Tritton, the inventor of the British "Tank" which has been creating history on the western front and which has been a great factor in many British advances, is a man of studious inclinations. In a recent interview, he stated, "The tank has not only come to stay, but if I may venture to prophesy, it is destined to play a predominant part in modern warfare." He is shown at work in his office.

HAS UNIQUE COAT OF ARMS

Washington Woman Uses 25,000 Canceled Postage Stamps in Making It.

Aberdeen, Wash.—Twenty-five